

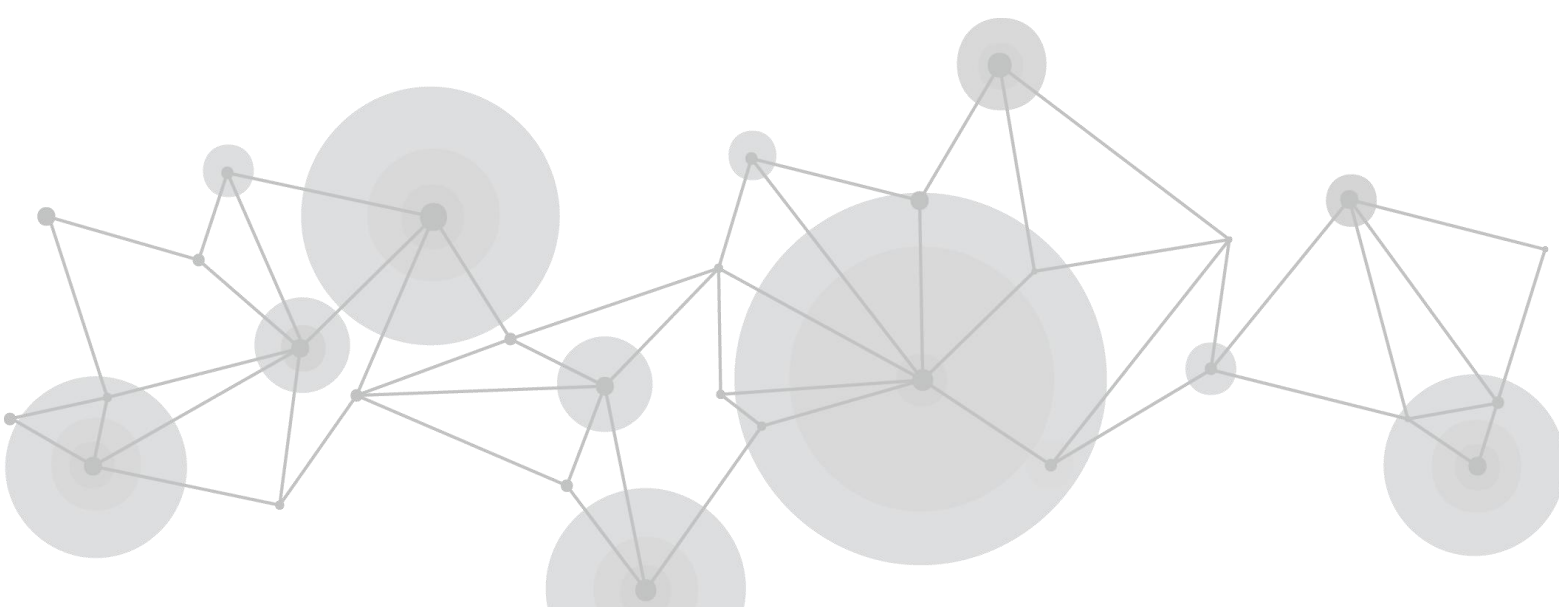
# MSP 331S

HDMI 2.0/12G SDI 4K60Hz Capture Card



User Manual

**RGBlink**<sup>®</sup>



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Thank you for choosing our product!

This User Manual is designed to show you how to use this product quickly and make use of all the features. Please read all directions and instructions carefully before using this product.

## *Declarations*

### FCC/Warranty

#### **Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be responsible for correcting any interference.

#### **Guarantee and Compensation**

RGBlink provides a guarantee relating to perfect manufacturing as part of the legally stipulated terms of guarantee. On receipt, the purchaser must immediately inspect all delivered goods for damage incurred during transport, as well as for material and manufacturing faults. RGBlink must be informed immediately in writing of any complaints.

The period of guarantee begins on the date of transfer of risks, in the case of special systems and software on the date of commissioning, at latest 30 days after the transfer of risks. In the event of justified notice of complaint, RGBlink can repair the fault or provide a replacement at its own discretion within an appropriate period. If this measure proves to be impossible or unsuccessful, the purchaser can demand a reduction in the purchase price or cancellation of the contract. All other claims, in particular those relating to compensation for direct or indirect damage, and also damage attributed to the operation of software as well as to other service provided by RGBlink, being a component of the system or independent service, will be deemed invalid provided the damage is not proven to be attributed to the absence of properties guaranteed in writing or due to the intent or gross negligence or part of RGBlink.

If the purchaser or a third party carries out modifications or repairs on goods delivered by RGBlink, or if the goods are handled incorrectly, in particular if the systems are commissioned operated incorrectly or if, after the transfer of risks, the goods are subject to influences not agreed upon in the contract, all guarantee claims of the purchaser will be rendered invalid. Not included in the guarantee coverage are system failures which are attributed to programs or special electronic circuitry provided by the purchaser, e.g. interfaces. Normal wear as well as normal maintenance are not subject to the guarantee provided by RGBlink either.

The environmental conditions as well as the servicing and maintenance regulations specified in this manual must be complied with by the customer.

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## Operators Safety Summary

The general safety information in this summary is for operating personnel.

### Do Not Remove Covers or Panels

There are no user-serviceable parts within the unit. Removal of the top cover will expose dangerous voltages. To avoid personal injury, do not remove the top cover. Do not operate the unit without the cover installed.

### Power Source

This product is powered by USB 3.0 with input voltage no more than 5V.

### Do Not Operate in Explosive Atmospheres

To avoid explosion, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere.

## Installation Safety Summary

### Safety Precautions

For all MSP 331S installation procedures, please observe the following important safety and handling rules to avoid damage to yourself and the equipment.

To protect users from electric shock, ensure that the chassis connects to earth via the ground wire provided in the AC power Cord.

The AC Socket-outlet should be installed near the equipment and be easily accessible.

### Unpacking and Inspection

Before opening MSP 331S processor shipping box, inspect it for damage. If you find any damage, notify the shipping carrier immediately for all claims adjustments. As you open the box, compare its contents against the packing slip. If you find any shortages, contact your sales representative. Once you have removed all the components from their packaging and checked that all the listed components are present, visually inspect the system to ensure there was no damage during shipping. If there is damage, notify the shipping carrier immediately for all claims adjustments.

### Site Preparation

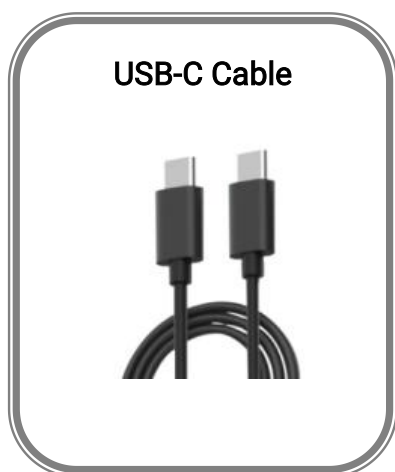
The environment in which you install your MSP 331S should be clean, properly lit, free from static, and have adequate power, ventilation, and space for all components.

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# Chapter 1 About Your Product

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## 1.1 In the Box



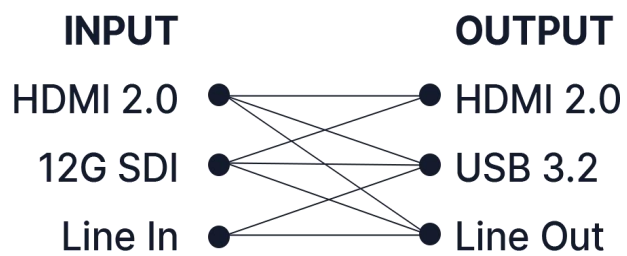
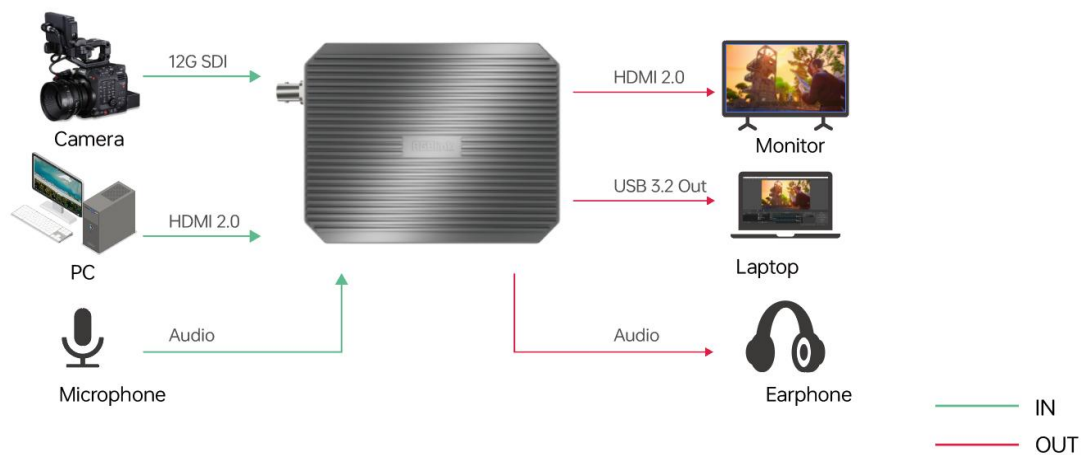
## 1.2 Product Overview

The MSP 331S is a professional 4K video capture device that builds upon the MSP 331U with comprehensive upgrades, introducing 12G-SDI intelligent conversion and dual-channel capture capabilities. It supports direct 12G-SDI signal capture with automatic conversion to HDMI, eliminating the need for external SDI equipment and simplifying the workflows for professional users.

A standout feature of the MSP 331S is its dual-channel capture functionality, ideal for professional scenarios such as esports tournaments and multi-camera production. Users can achieve high-efficiency workflows without the hassle of configuring two capture boxes. Whether for esports club broadcasts or multi-camera setups in film/rental industries, the MSP 331S delivers a professional solution.

In terms of performance, the MSP 331S is equipped with HDMI 2.0 and USB 3.2 high-speed interfaces to support 4K60 UHD signal capture and HDMI loop-through output. It is compatible with Windows, macOS, and Linux operating systems, offering plug-and-play convenience and seamless integration with mainstream software such as OBS, Vmix, Tencent Meeting, and Douyin Live Companion.

With its robust compatibility and intelligent design, the MSP 331S meets the demands of diverse applications, including professional live streaming, video production, and remote conferencing, delivering a more efficient and user-friendly experience.

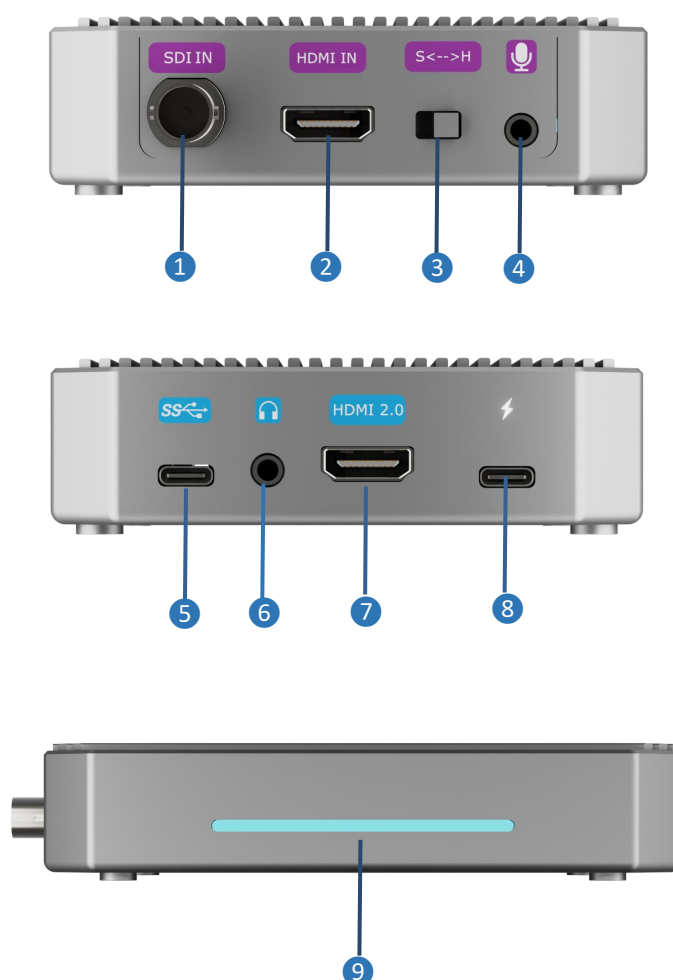


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## 1.2.1 Key Features

- HDMI 2.0 input support HDCP 2.3, backward compatible
- 1 × 12G SDI input support, downward compatible
- 12G SDI to HDMI2.0 conversion without image quality loss
- HDMI input support up to RGB 4:4:4 8bit 4K@60Hz, backward compatible with 4K@50Hz, 4K@30Hz, 2K@240Hz
- USB 3.2 interface provides 5Gbps high bandwidth
- Compatible with OBS/Potplayer/VLC/Vmix/Xsplit/Microsoft Teams
- HDR to achieve better color performance and richer detail representation
- Mix for Line in and HDMI audio
- UVC 1.5 and UAC 1.0 standards, compatible with Windows, MacOS and Linux, plug and play
- Dynamic light pipe to display signal status in real time

## 1.2.1 Interface Description



No.	Item	Description
①	12G SDI	12G SDI input, connect to HD cameras, computers, and other input sources.
②	HDMI Input	HDMI input port, connect to PC, camera, XBOX or PS4.
③	Switch	The device will capture SDI input when pushing the switch to “S” and capture HDMI input when pushing the switch to “H”.
④	Audio Input	Line-in audio input port, connect to MP3, wireless microphone, cellphone or other music player devices.
⑤	USB-C	USB 3.2 output port, connect to PC, laptop or tablet (via OTG cable).



6	Audio Output	3.5mm analog audio output port, connect to loudspeaker or earphone.
7	HDMI Output	HDMI loop output port, connect to display devices.
8	USB-C Power Port	9V/1.5A
9	RGB lighting	Dynamic light pipe to display signal status in real time.

## 1.2.2 Light Pipe Description

No.	Color	RGB Value	Light Status	Description
1	Purple	R: 190 G: 125 B: 255	Breathing	● <b>Power-on:</b> Initial state during power-on, lasts for about 3 seconds.
2	Red	R: 255 G: 26 B: 26	Always on	● <b>No Input:</b> No HDMI signal input or external audio input detected.
3	Green	R: 15 G: 255 B: 15	Left Scrolling+Breathing	● <b>Active HDMI Input:</b> HDMI signal detected, no external audio input detected.
4	Cyan	R: 119 G: 255 B: 255	Right Scrolling+Breathing	● <b>Audio Mixing:</b> HDMI signal and external audio input detected (mixed state).

## 1.3 Supported Input Resolution List

Resolution Type	Parameter	
Input Resolution	HDMI	
	SMPTE	2160p@60/59.94/50/30/29.97/24/23.98
		1440p@144/60
		1080p@240/120/60

		720p@60
	<b>VESA</b>	4096×2160@60/59.94/50/30/29.97/24/23.98
		3840×2160@60/59.94/50/30/29.97/24/23.98
		2560×1440@144/60
		2560×1080@60
		1920×1080@240/120/60
		1280×720@60
	<b>12G SDI</b>	
	<b>SMPTE</b>	2160p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60
		1080p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60
		1080i@50/59.94/60
		720p@50/59.94/60
		480p@50
		576p@59.94/60

## 1.4 Supported Capture Resolution List

Resolution Type	Parameter	
Capture Resolution	<b>HDMI</b>	2160p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60
		1080p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60
		1080psf@23.98/24/25/29.97/30
		1080i@50/59.94/60
		720p@50/59.94/60
		480p@50

		576p@59.94/60
	<b>USB 3.2</b>	
	<b>RGB24</b>	1920×1080@60
		1280×720@60
	<b>YUY2</b>	3840×2160@30/25
		2560×1440@60
		2560×1080@60
		1920×1080@60
		1280×720@60
	<b>NV12</b>	3840×2160@30
		2560×1440@60
		2560×1080@60
		1920×1080@120/60
		1280×720@60
	<b>I420</b>	3840×2160@30
		2560×1440@60
		2560×1080@60
		1920×1080@120/60
		1280×720@60
	<b>P010</b>	1920×1080@60
		1280×720@60
	<b>MJPGE</b>	3840×2160@60
		2560×1440@144/60
		2560×1080@60
		1920×1080@240/60
		1280×720@60

## 1.5 Supported Software List

No.	Software Type	Name
1	Capture Software	OBS
2		PotPlayer
3		VLC
4		XSplint VCam
5		CameraFi
6		Vmix
7	Meeting Software	Tencent Meeting
8		Ding Talk Meeting
9		Lark Meeting
10		Microsoft Teams
11	Streaming Software	SINSAM
12	Others	Any other DirectShow/V4L2/AVCaptureSession encoding/streaming software

## 1.6 Computer Configuration Requirements

Please follow the table for computer configuration.

Hardware	Desktop computer	Notebook computer
CPU	Intel Core i5-6XXX 8G or above	Intel Core i7-7700HQ 8G or above
Graphics	NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1060 8G or above	
RAM	8G or above	
Port	USB 3.0/USB 3.1/USB 3.2	
System	Windows® 10 / Windows 8.1 / Windows 7(SP1) / macOS10.15 and above	

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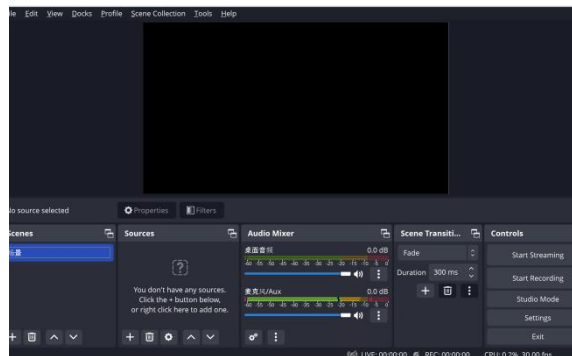
# Chapter 2 Use Your Product

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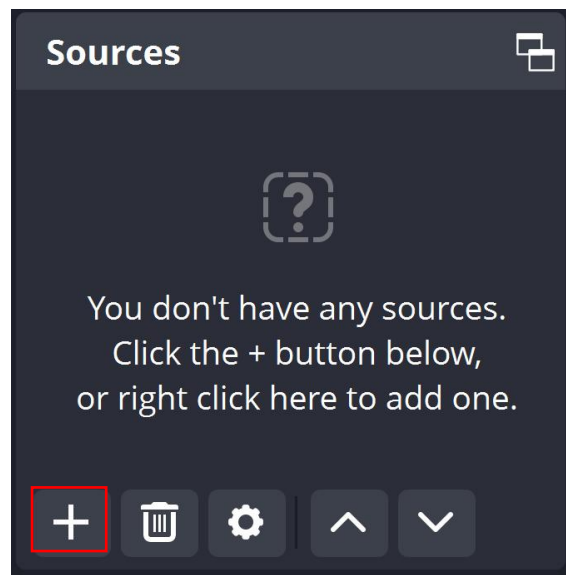
## 2.1 OBS Streaming

MSP 331S is compatible with many third party steaming softwares, we recommend OBS, which is available to download on <https://obsproject.com/download>.

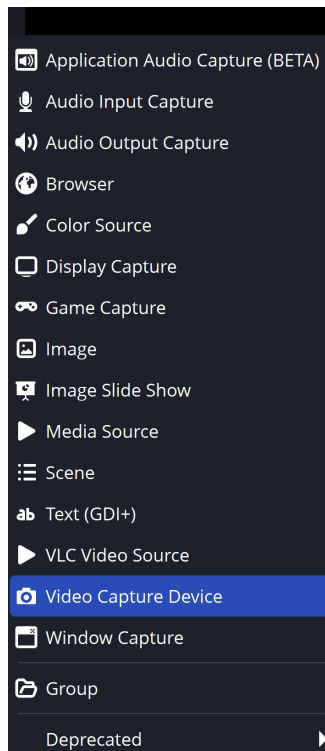
Download the software and update to the latest version.



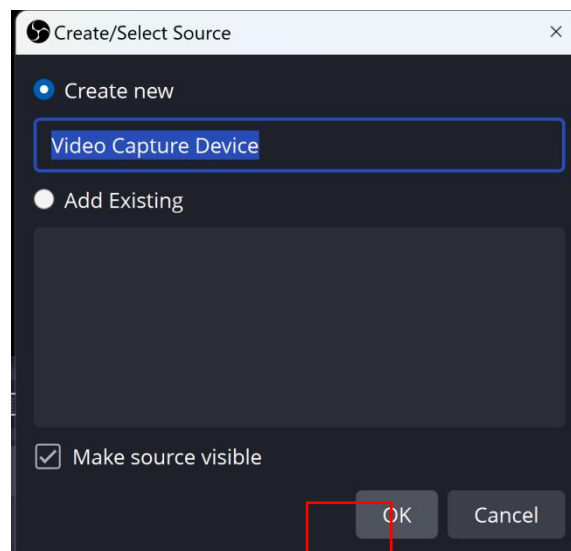
1. Click "+" to add sources.



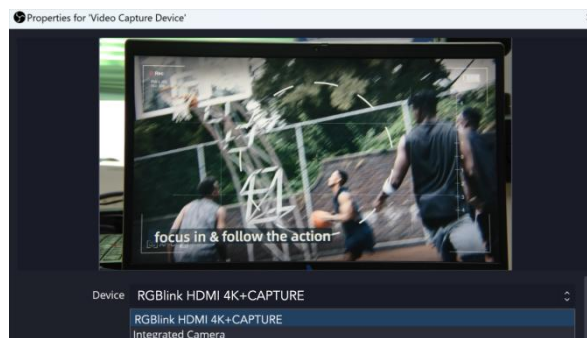
2. Choose Video Capture Device.



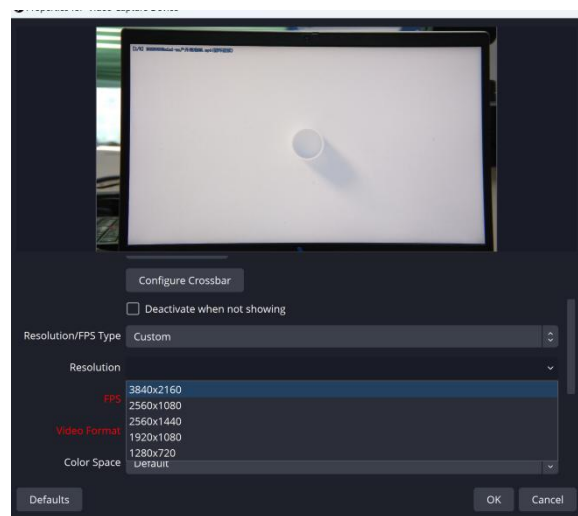
3. You can custom the name in the pop-up window, and then click "OK" to save.



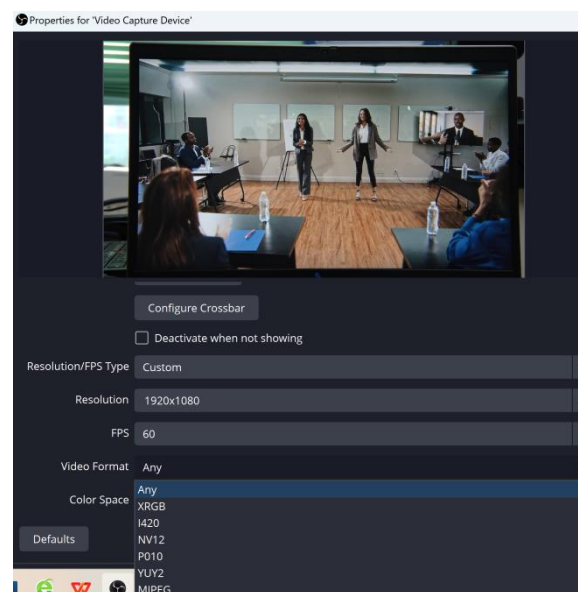
4. Choose the video capture device you need, such as RGBlink HDMI 4K+CAPTURE.



5. Set Resolution/FPS Type to Custom, you can choose resolution (up to 3840×2160) from resolution list.

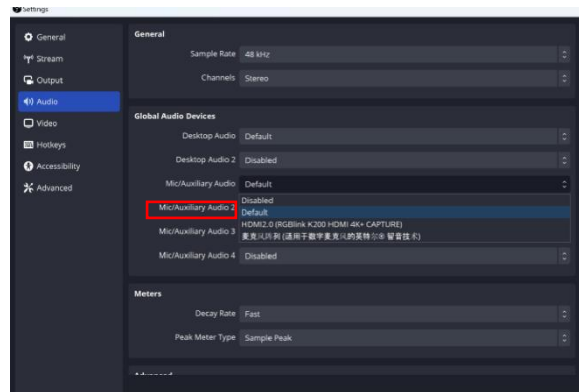


6. Click FPS to choose frame rate and Video Format to set format.

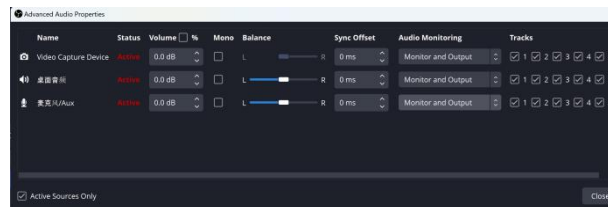


## Audio Setting:

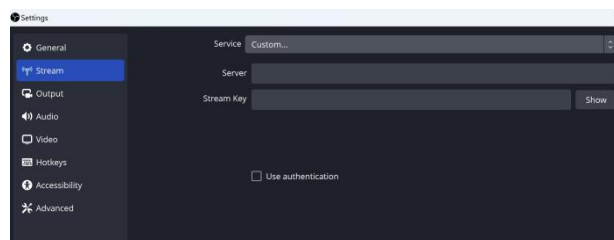
1. Click Audio, choose Default in Mic/Auxiliary Audio Device.



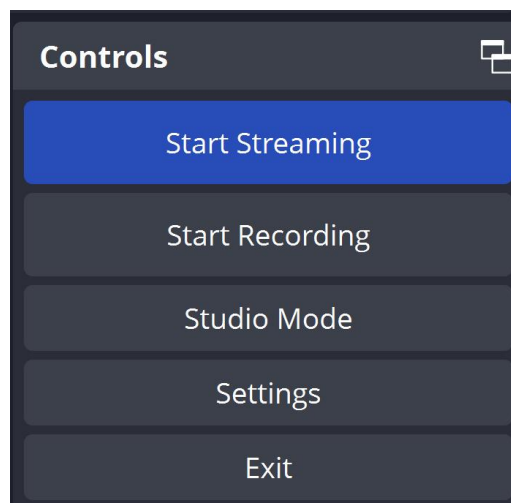
2. Enable Monitor and Output.



3. Paste the RTMP address to server and broadcast code to stream key.



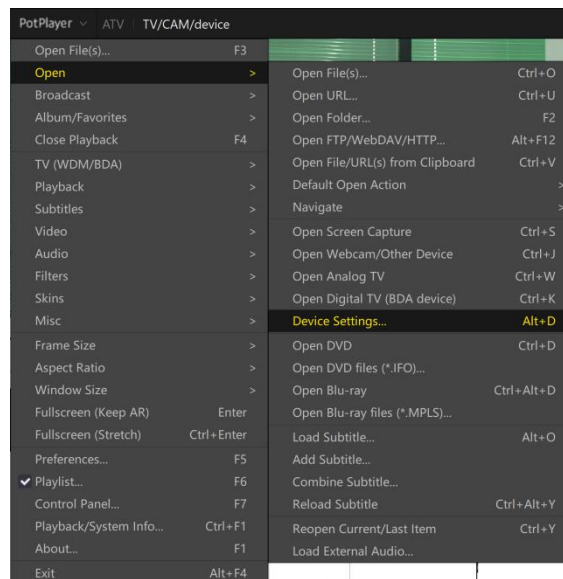
4. Click "Start Streaming".





## 2.2 POTPlayer

1. Run POTPlayer, click "Open" > "Device Settings" from the drop-down MENU.



2. In Device Settings interface, choose RGBlink HDMI 4K+CAPTURE as the video recording device. The user can click "Format" to select resolution from the drop-down resolution list, shown in the figure below.

	NV12 3840x2160 30	
	NV12 3840x2160P 30(P 16:9)	
	NV12 2560x1440 60.0002	
	NV12 2560x1440P 60.0002(P 16:9)	
	NV12 2560x1080 60.0002	
	NV12 2560x1080P 60.0002(P 64:27)	
	NV12 1920x1080 120	
	NV12 1920x1080P 120(P 16:9)	
	NV12 1280x720 60.0002	
	<b>NV12 1280x720P 60.0002(P 16:9)</b>	
	1420 3840x2160P 30	
	1420 3840x2160P 30(P 16:9)	
	1420 2560x1440 60.0002	
	1420 2560x1440P 60.0002(P 16:9)	
	1420 2560x1080 60.0002	
	1420 2560x1080P 60.0002(P 64:27)	
	1420 1920x1080 120	
	1420 1920x1080P 120(P 16:9)	
	1420 1280x720 60.0002	
	<b>1420 1280x720P 60.0002(P 16:9)</b>	
	MUPG 3840x2160 60.0002	
	MUPG 3840x2160P 60.0002(P 16:9)	
	MUPG 2560x1440 144.001	
	MUPG 2560x1440P 144.001(P 16:9)	
	MUPG 2560x1080 60.0002	
	MUPG 2560x1080P 60.0002(P 64:27)	
	MUPG 1920x1080 240.004	
	MUPG 1920x1080P 240.004(P 16:9)	
	MUJPG 1280x720 60.0002	
YUY2 2560x1440 60.0002		MJPG 1280x720 60.0002
YUY2 2560x1440P 60.0002P 16:9		MJPG 1280x720P 60.0002(P 16:9)
YUY2 2560x1060 60.0002		RGB24 1920x1080 60.0002
YUY2 2560x1080P 60.0002P 64:27)		RGB24 1920x1080P 60.0002(P 16:9)
YUY2 1920x1080 60.0002		RGB24 1280x720 60.0002
YUY2 1920x1080P 60.0002(P 16:9)		RGB24 1280x720P 60.0002(P 16:9)
YUY2 1280x720 60.0002		P010 1920x1080 60.0002
YUY2 1280x720P 60.0002(P 16:9)		P010 1920x1080P 60.0002(P 16:9)
YUY2 3840x2160 30		P010 1280x720 60.0002
YUY2 3840x2160P 30P 16:9		P010 1280x720P 60.0002(P 16:9)
YUY2 3840x2160 25		
<b>YUY2 3840x2160P 25P 16:9)</b>		

3. Choose HDMI 2.0 (RGBlink HDMI 4K+Capture) as the Audio capture device. Complete the above settings, click "Open device".



## 2.2.1 FAQ

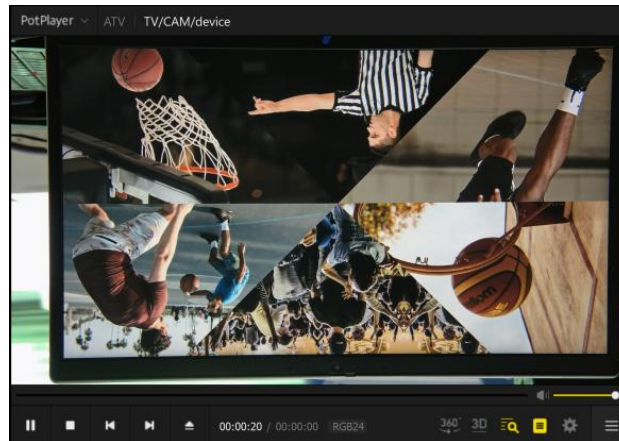
### 1. The optional resolution only up to YUY2 1080P25?

A: Please check the following two cases may occur:

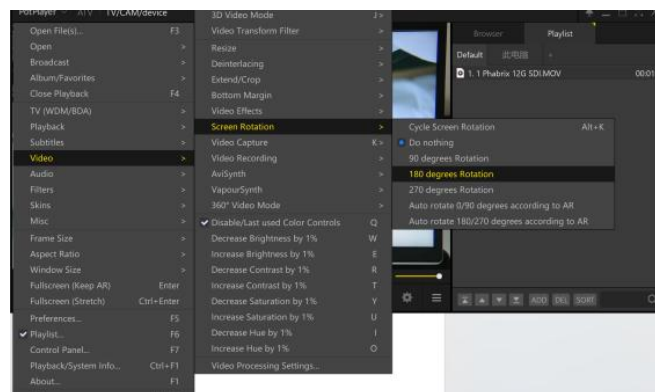
- 1) The USB port connected to the PC is not USB 3.0.
- 2) The USB cable connecting PC and MSP 331S is not USB 3.0 cable.

For case 1, the user can change the USB interface, and for case 2, please replace the USB cable.

## 2. Image will flip in RGB24 format?



A: Click "Video" > "Screen Rotation", then choose "180 degrees Rotation".



## 3. How to adjust the audio mix volume?

A: Adjust the volume via external device. When there are both HDMI and LINE inputs, enable audio mixing function and the HDMI input volume will be 40% and LINE input volume will be 60%.

## 4. If there is external audio input, audio output will override HDMI embedded audio?

A: No, both the HDMI embedded audio and the external audio will play simultaneously.

## 5. Other questions not been mentioned?

A: Scan the QR code on the back of MSP 331S or contact us.

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## Chapter 3 Order Codes

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Product Code	Item
601-0331-05-1	MSP 331S

# Chapter 4 Support

## 4.1 Contact us

[www.rgblink.com](http://www.rgblink.com)



### Inquiries

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info@rgblink.com

[rgblink.com/contact-us](http://rgblink.com/contact-us)

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Science and Technology Park,  
Zhongguancun Campus,  
Beijing institute of  
Technology, Haidian

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# Chapter 5 Appendix

## 5.1 Specification

Connectors	Input	HDMI 2.0	1 × HDMI-A
		12G SDI	1 × BNC
	Output	HDMI 2.0	1 × HDMI-A
	Capture	USB 3.2	1 × USB-C
	Audio	In	1 × 3.5mm Audio Jack
		Out	1 × 3.5mm Audio Jack
Performance	Input Resolution	HDMI 2.0	2160p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60   1080p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60
			1080i@50/59.94/60   720p@50/59.94/60   480p@50   576p@59.94/60
		SMPTE	2160p@60/59.94/50/30/29.97/24/23.98   1440p@144/60   1080p@240/120/60   720p@60
		VESA	4096 × 2160@60/59.94/50/30/29.97/24/23.98   3840 × 2160@60/59.94/50/30/29.97/24/23.98 2560 × 1440@144/60   2560 × 1080@60   1920 × 1080@240/120/60   1280 × 720@60
		12G SDI	
		SMPTE	2160p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60   1080p@23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60 1080i@50/59.94/60   720p@50/59.94/60   480p@50   576p@59.94/60
	Output resolution	HDMI 2.0	2160p23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60   1080p23.98/24/25/29.97/30/50/59.94/60   1080psf23.98/24/25/29.97/30   1080i50/59.94/60   720p50/59.94/60   480p50 576p59.94/60
	Output resolution	USB 3.2	
		RGB24	1920 × 1080@60   1280 × 720@60
		YUY2	3840 × 2160@30/25   2560 × 1440@60   2560 × 1080@60   1920 × 1080@60   1280 × 720@60
		NV12	3840 × 2160@30   2560 × 1440@60   2560 × 1080@60   1920 × 1080@120/60   1280 × 720@60

		I420	3840 × 2160@30   2560 × 1440@60   2560 × 1080@60   1920 × 1080@120/60   1280 × 720@60
		P010	1920 × 1080@60   1280 × 720@60
		MJPGE	3840 × 2160@60   2560 × 1440@144/60   2560 × 1080@60   1920 × 1080@240/60   1280 × 720@60
	Video Capture Format	YUY2   RGB24   NV12   I420   P010   MJPEG	
	Color Space	8 bit RGB/YCbCr 4:2:2/4:4:4/4:2:0; 10 bit RGB/YCbCr 4:2:2	
	Audio Bit Depth/Sample Rate	24bit (default) / 48KHz	
	Supported Standards	HDMI 2.0	
		USB 3.2	
<b>Power</b>	Input Voltage	9V/1.5A	
	Max Power	15W	
<b>Environment</b>	Operation Temperature	0℃~70℃	
<b>Physical</b>	Net Weight	280g	
	Net Dimension	147.2mm × 102mm × 29.1mm	

---

## 5.1 Terms & Definitions

● **RCA:** Connector used primarily in consumer AV equipment for both audio and video. The RCA connector was developed by the Radio Corporation of America.

● **BNC:** Stands for Bayonet Neill-Concelman. A cable connector used extensively in television (named for its inventors). A cylindrical bayonet connector that operates with a twist-locking motion .

● **CVBS:** CVBS or Composite video, is an analog video signal without audio. Most commonly CVBS is used for transmission of standard definition signals. In consumer applications the connector is typically RCA type, while in professional applications the connector is BNC type.

● **YPbPr:** Used to describe the colour space for progressive-scan. Otherwise known as component video.

● **VGA:** Video Graphics Array. VGA is an analog signal typically used on earlier computers. The signal is non-interlaced in modes 1, 2, and 3 and interlaced when using in mode.

● **DVI:** Digital Visual Interface. The digital video connectivity standard that was developed by DDWG (Digital Display Work Group). This connection standard offers two different connectors: one with 24 pins that handles digital video signals only, and one with 29 pins that handles both digital and analog video.

● **SDI:** Serial Digital Interface. Standard definition video is carried on this 270 Mbps data transfer rate. Video pixels are characterized with a 10-bit depth and 4:2:2 color quantization. Ancillary data is included on this interface and typically includes audio or other metadata. Up to sixteen audio channels can be transmitted. Audio is organised into blocks of 4 stereo pairs. Connector is BNC.

● **HD-SDI:** High-definition serial digital interface (HD-SDI), is standardized in SMPTE 292M this provides a nominal data rate of 1.485 Gbit/s.

● **3G-SDI:** Standardized in SMPTE 424M, consists of a single 2.970 Gbit/s serial link that allows replacing dual link HD-SDI.

● **6G-SDI:** Standardized in SMPTE ST-2081 released in 2015, 6Gbit/s bitrate and able to support 2160p@30.

● **12G-SDI:** Standardized in SMPTE ST-2082 released in 2015, 12Gbit/s bitrate and able to support 2160p@60.

● **U-SDI:** Technology for transmitting large-volume 8K signals over a single cable. a signal interface called the ultra high definition signal/data interface (U-SDI) for transmitting 4K and 8K signals using a single optical cable. The interface was standardized as the SMPTE ST 2036-4.

● **HDMI:** High Definition Multimedia Interface: An interface used for the transmission of uncompressed high definition video, up to 8 channels of audio, and control signals, over a single cable.

● **HDMI 1.3:** Released on June 22 2006, and increased the maximum TMDS clock to 340 MHz (10.2 Gbit/s). Support resolution 1920 × 1080 at 120 Hz or 2560 × 1440 at 60 Hz). It added support for 10 bpc, 12 bpc, and



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16 bpc color depth (30, 36, and 48 bit/px), called deep color.

●**HDMI 1.4:** Released on June 5, 2009, added support for 4096 × 2160 at 24 Hz, 3840 × 2160 at 24, 25, and 30 Hz, and 1920 × 1080 at 120 Hz. Compared to HDMI 1.3, 3 more features added which are HDMI Ethernet Channel (HEC), audio return channel (ARC), 3D Over HDMI, a new Micro HDMI Connector, an expanded set of color spaces.

●**HDMI 2.0:** Released on September 4, 2013 increases the maximum bandwidth to 18.0 Gbit/s. Other features of HDMI 2.0 include up to 32 audio channels, up to 1536 kHz audio sample frequency, the HE-AAC and DRA audio standards, improved 3D capability, and additional CEC functions.

●**HDMI 2.0a:** Was released on April 8, 2015, and added support for High Dynamic Range (HDR) video with static metadata.

●**HDMI 2.0b:** Was released March, 2016, support for HDR Video transport and extends the static metadata signaling to include Hybrid Log-Gamma (HLG).

●**HDMI 2.1:** Released on November 28, 2017. It adds support for higher resolutions and higher refresh rates, Dynamic HDR including 4K 120 Hz and 8K 120 Hz.

●**DisplayPort:** A VESA standard interface primarily for video, but also for audio, USB and other data. DisplayPort (orDP) is backwards compatible with HDMI, DVI and VGA.

●**DP 1.1:** Was ratified on 2 April 2007, and version 1.1a was ratified on 11 January 2008. DisplayPort 1.1 allow a maximum bandwidth of 10.8 Gbit/s (8.64 Gbit/s data rate) over a standard 4-lane main link, enough to support 1920x1080@60Hz

●**DP 1.2:** Introduced on 7 January 2010, effective bandwidth to 17.28 Gbit/s support increased resolutions, higher refresh rates, and greater color depth, maximum resolution 3840 × 2160@60Hz

●**DP 1.4:** Publish on 1 Mar, 2016. overall transmission bandwidth 32.4 Gbit/s, DisplayPort 1.4 adds support for Display Stream Compression 1.2 (DSC), DSC is a "visually lossless" encoding technique with up to a 3:1 compression ratio. Using DSC with HBR3 transmission rates, DisplayPort 1.4 can support 8K UHD (7680 × 4320) at 60 Hz or 4K UHD (3840 × 2160) at 120 Hz with 30 bit/px RGB color and HDR. 4K at 60 Hz 30 bit/px RGB/HDR can be achieved without the need for DSC.

●**Multi-mode Fiber:** Fibers that support many propagation paths or transverse modes are called multi-mode fibers, generally have a wider core diameter and are used for short-distance communication links and for applications where high power must be transmitted.

●**Single-mode Fiber:** Fiber that support a single mode are called single-mode fibers. Single-mode fibers are used for most communication links longer than 1,000 meters (3,300 ft).

● **SFP:** Small form-factor pluggable , is a compact, hot-pluggable network interface module used for both telecommunication and data communications applications.

● **Optical Fiber Connector:** Terminates the end of an optical fiber, and enables quicker connection and disconnection than splicing. The connectors mechanically couple and align the cores of fibers so light can pass. 4 most common types of optical fiber connectors are SC, FC, LC,ST.

● **SC:** (Subscriber Connector), also known as the square connector was also created by the Japanese company – Nippon Telegraph and Telephone. SC is a push-pull coupling type of connector and has a 2.5mm diameter. Nowadays, it is used mostly in single mode fiber optic patch cords, analog, GBIC, and CATV. SC is one of the most popular options, as its simplicity in design comes along with great durability and affordable prices.

● **LC:** (Lucent Connector) is a small factor connector (uses only a 1.25mm ferrule diameter) that has a snap coupling mechanism. Because of its small dimensions, it is the perfect fit for high-density connections, XFP, SFP, and SFP+ transceivers.

● **FC:** (Ferrule Connector) is a screw type connector with a 2.5mm ferrule. FC is a round shaped threaded fiber optic connector,mostly used on Datacom, telecom, measurement equipment, single-mode laser.

● **ST:** (Straight Tip) was invented by AT&T and uses a bayonet mount along with a long spring-loaded ferrule to support the fiber.







● **USB:** Universal Serial Bus is a standard that was developed in the mid-1990s that defines cables, connectors and communication protocols. This technology is designed to allow a connection, communication and power supply for peripheral devices and computers.





● **USB 1.1:** Full-Bandwidth USB, specification was the first release to be widely adopted by the consumer market. This specification allowed for a maximum bandwidth of 12Mbps.

● **USB 2.0:** or Hi-Speed USB, specification made many improvements over USB 1.1. The main improvement was an increase in bandwidth to a maximum of 480Mbps.

● **USB 3.2:** Super Speed USB with 3 varieties of 3.2 Gen 1(original name USB 3.0), 3.2Gen 2(original name USB 3.1), 3.2 Gen 2x2 (original name USB 3.2) with speed up to 5Gbps,10Gbps,20Gbps respectively.

USB version and connectors figure:

	Type A	Type B	Mini A	Mini B	Micro-A	Micro-B	Type C
USB 2.0							

USB 3.0							
USB 3.1&3.2							

●**NTSC:** The colour video standard used in North America and some other parts of the world created by the National Television Standards Committee in the 1950s. NTSC utilizes an interlaced video signals.

●**PAL:** Phase Alternate Line. A television standard in which the phase of the colour carrier is alternated from line to line. It takes four full images (8 fields) for the colour-to-horizontal images (8 fields) for the colour-to-horizontal phase relationship to return to the reference point. This alternation helps cancel out phase errors. For this reason, the hue control is not needed on a PAL TV set. PAL, is widely used in needed on a PAL TV set. PAL, is widely used in Western Europe, Australia, Africa, the Middle East, and Micronesia. PAL uses 625-line, 50-field (25 fps) composite colour transmission system.

●**SMPTE:** Society of Motion image and Television Engineers. A global organization, based in the United States, that sets standards for baseband visual communications. This includes film as well as video and television standards.

●**VESA:** Video Electronics Standards Association. An organization facilitating computer graphics through standards.

●**HDCP:** High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) was developed by Intel Corporation and is in wide use for protection of video during transmission between devices.

●**HDBaseT:** A video standard for the transmission of uncompressed video (HDMI signals) and related features using Cat 5e/Cat6 cabling infrastructure.

●**ST2110:** A SMPTE developed standard, ST2110 describes how to send digital video over and IP networks. Video is transmitted uncompressed with audio and other data in a separate streams. SMPTE2110 is intended principally for broadcast production and distribution facilities where quality and flexibility are more important.

●**SDVoE:** Software Defined Video over Ethernet (SDVoE) is a method for transmission, distribution and management AV signals using a TCP/IP Ethernet infrastructure for transport with low latency. SDVoE is commonly used in integration applications.

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● **Dante AV:** The Dante protocol was developed for and widely adopted in audio systems for the transmission of uncompressed digital audio on IP based networks. The more recent Dante AV specification includes support for digital video.

● **NDI:** Network Device interface (NDI) is a software standard developed by NewTek to enable video-compatible products to communicate, deliver, and receive broadcast quality video in a high quality, low latency manner that is frame-accurate and suitable for switching in a live production environment over TCP (UDP) Ethernet based networks. NDI is commonly found in broadcast applications.

● **RTMP:** Real-Time Messaging Protocol (RTMP) was initially a proprietary protocol developed by Macromedia (now Adobe) for streaming audio, video and data over the Internet, between a Flash player and a server.

● **RTSP:** The Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) is a network control protocol designed for use in entertainment and communications systems to control streaming media servers. The protocol is used for establishing and controlling media sessions between end points.

● **MPEG:** Moving Picture Experts Group is a working group formed from ISO and IEC developing standards that allow audio/video digital compression and Transmission.

● **H.264:** Also known as AVC (Advanced Video Coding) or MPEG-4i is a common video compression standard. H.264 was standardized by the ITU-T Video Coding Experts Group (VCEG) together with the ISO/IEC JTC1 Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG).

● **H.265:** Also known as HEVC (High Efficiency Video Coding) H.265 is the successor to the widely used H.264/AVC digital video coding standard. Developed under the auspices of ITU, resolutions up to 8192x4320 may be compressed.

● **API:** An Application Programming Interface (API) provides a predefined function which allows access capabilities and features or routines via a software or hardware, without accessing source code or understanding the details of inner working mechanism. An API call may execute a function and/or provide data feedback/report.

● **DMX512:** The communication standard developed by USITT for entertainment and digital lighting systems. The wide adoption of the Digital Multiplex (DMX) protocol has seen the protocol used for a wide range of other devices including video controllers. DMX512 is delivered over cable of 2 twisted pairs with 5pin XLR cables for connection.

● **ArtNet:** An ethernet protocol based on TCP/IP protocol stack, mainly used in entertainment/events applications. Built on the DMX512 data format, ArtNet enables multiple “universes” of DMX512 to be transmitted using ethernet networks for transport.

● **MIDI:** MIDI is the abbreviation of Musical Instrument Digital Interface. As the name indicates the protocol was developed for communication between electronic musical instruments and latterly computers. MIDI instructions are triggers or commands sent over twisted pair cables, typically using 5pin DIN connectors.

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● **OSC:** The principle of Open Sound Control (OSC) protocol is for networking sound synthesizers, computers, and multimedia devices for musical performance or show control. As with XML and JSON, the OSC protocol allows sharing data. OSC is transported via UDP packets between devices connected on an Ethernet.

● **Brightness:** Usually refers to the amount or intensity of video light produced on a screen without regard to colour. Sometimes called black level.

● **Contrast Ratio:** The ratio of the high light output level divided by the low light output level. In theory, the contrast ratio of the television system should be at least 100:1, if not 300:1. In reality, there are several limitations. Well-controlled viewing conditions should yield a practical contrast ratio of 30:1 to 50:1.

● **Colour Temperature:** The colour quality, expressed in degrees Kelvin (K), of a light source. The higher the colour temperature, the bluer the light. The lower the temperature, the redder the light. Benchmark colour temperature for the A/V industry include 5000°K, 6500°K, and 9000°K.

● **Saturation:** Chroma, Chroma gain. The intensity of the colour, or the extent to which a given colour in any image is free from white. The less white in a colour, the truer the colour or the greater its saturation. Saturation is the amount of pigment in a colour, and not the intensity.

● **Gamma:** The light output of a CRT is not linear with respect to the voltage input. The difference between what you should have and what is actually output is known as gamma.

● **Frame:** In interlaced video, a frame is one complete image. A video frame is made up of two fields, or two sets of interlaced lines. In a film, a frame is one still image of a series that makes up a motion image.

● **Genlock:** Allows synchronisation of otherwise video devices. A signal generator provides a signal pulses which connected devices can reference. Also see Black Burst and Color Burst.

● **Blackburst:** The video waveform without the video elements. It includes the vertical sync, horizontal sync, and the Chroma burst information. Blackburst is used to synchronize video equipment to align the video output.

● **Colour Burst:** In colour TV systems, a burst of subcarrier frequency located on the back part of the composite video signal. This serves as a colour synchronizing signal to establish a frequency and phase reference for the Chroma signal. Colour burst is 3.58 MHz for NTSC and 4.43 MHz for PAL.

● **Colour Bars:** A standard test pattern of several basic colours (white, yellow, cyan, green, magenta, red, blue, and black) as a reference for system alignment and testing. In NTSC video, the most commonly used colour bars are the SMPTE standard colour bars. In PAL video, the most commonly used colour bars are eight full field bars. On computer monitors the most commonly used colour bars are two rows of reversed colour bars.

● **Seamless Switching:** A feature found on many video switchers. This feature causes the switcher to wait until the vertical interval to switch. This avoids a glitch (temporary scrambling) which often is seen when switching between sources.

● **Scaling:** A conversion of a video or computer graphic signal from a starting resolution to a new resolution. Scaling from one resolution to another is typically done to optimize the signal for input to an image processor, transmission path or to improve its quality when presented on a particular display.

● **PIP:** Picture-In-Picture. A small image within a larger image created by scaling down one of image to make it smaller. Other forms of PIP displays include Picture-By-Picture (PBP) and Picture- With-Picture (PWP), which are commonly used with 16:9 aspect display devices. PBP and PWP image formats require a separate scaler for each video window .

● **HDR:** is a high dynamic range (HDR) technique used in imaging and photography to reproduce a greater dynamic range of luminosity than what is possible with standard digital imaging or photographic techniques. The aim is to present a similar range of luminance to that experienced through the human visual system.

● **UHD:** Standing for Ultra High Definition and comprising 4K and 8K television standards with a 16:9 ratio, UHD follows the 2K HDTV standard. A UHD 4K display has a physical resolution of 3840x2160 which is four times the area and twice both the width and height of a HDTV/FullHD (1920 x1080) video signal.

● **EDID:** Extended Display Identification Data. EDID is a data structure used to communicate video display information, including native resolution and vertical interval refresh rate requirements, to a source device. The source device will then output the provided EDID data, ensuring proper video image quality.

## 5.2 Revision History

The table below lists the changes of MSP 331S User Manual.

Format	Time	ECO#	Description	Principal
V1.0	2025-04-15	0000#	First release	Alyssa

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