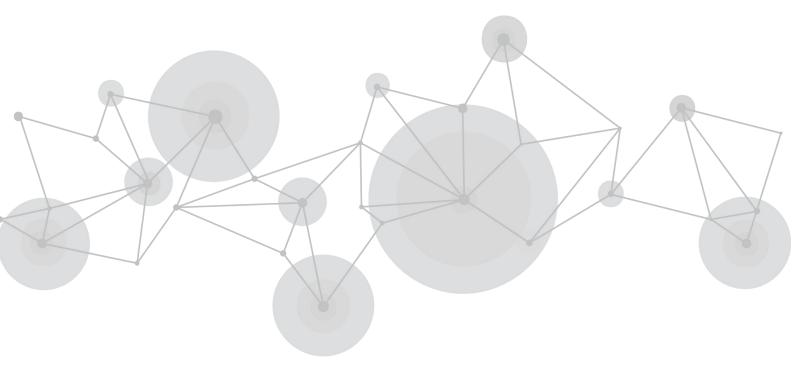




User Manual





Article No: RGB-RD-UM-D8 E000 Revision No: V1.0

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Thank you for choosing our product!

This User Manual is designed to show you how to use this video processor quickly and make use of all the features. Please read all directions and instructions carefully before using this product.

Declarations

FCC/Warranty

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be responsible for correcting any interference.

Guarantee and Compensation

RGBlink provides a guarantee relating to perfect manufacturing as part of the legally stipulated terms of guarantee. On receipt, the purchaser must immediately inspect all delivered goods for damage incurred during transport, as well as for material and manufacturing faults. RGBlink must be informed immediately in writing of any complains.

The period of guarantee begins on the date of transfer of risks, in the case of special systems and software on the date of commissioning, at latest 30 days after the transfer of risks. In the event of justified notice of compliant, RGBlink can repair the fault or provide a replacement at its own discretion within an appropriate period. If this measure proves to be impossible or unsuccessful, the purchaser can demand a reduction in the purchase price or cancellation of the contract. All other claims, in particular those relating to compensation for direct or indirect damage, and also damage attributed to the operation of software as well as to other service provided by RGBlink, being a component of the system or independent service, will be deemed invalid provided the damage is not proven to be attributed to the absence of properties guaranteed in writing or due to the intent or gross negligence or part of RGBlink.

If the purchaser or a third party carries out modifications or repairs on goods delivered by RGBlink, or if the goods are handled incorrectly, in particular if the systems are commissioned operated incorrectly or if, after the transfer of risks, the goods are subject to influences not agreed upon in the contract, all guarantee claims of the purchaser will be rendered invalid. Not included in the guarantee coverage are system failures which are attributed to programs or special electronic circuitry provided by the purchaser, e.g. interfaces. Normal wear as well as normal maintenance are not subject to the guarantee provided by RGBlink either.

The environmental conditions as well as the servicing and maintenance regulations specified in this manual must be complied with by the customer.



Operators Safety Summary

The general safety information in this summary is for operating personnel.

Do Not Remove Covers or Panels

There are no user-serviceable parts within the unit. Removal of the top cover will expose dangerous voltages. To avoid personal injury, do not remove the top cover. Do not operate the unit without the cover installed.

Power Source

This product is intended to operate from a power source that will not apply more than 230 volts rms between the supply conductors or between both supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection by way of grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.

Grounding the Product

This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electrical shock, plug the power cord into a properly wired receptacle before connecting to the product input or output terminals. A protective-ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.

Use the Proper Power Cord

Use only the power cord and connector specified for your product. Use only a power cord that is in good condition. Refer cord and connector changes to qualified service personnel.

Use the Proper Fuse

To avoid fire hazard, use only the fuse having identical type, voltage rating, and current rating characteristics. Refer fuse replacement to qualified service personnel.

Do Not Operate in Explosive Atmospheres

To avoid explosion, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere.

Installation Safety Summary

Safety Precautions

For all D8 installation procedures, please observe the following important safety and handling rules to avoid damage to yourself and the equipment.

To protect users from electric shock, ensure that the chassis connects to earth via the ground wire provided in the AC power Cord.

The AC Socket-outlet should be installed near the equipment and be easily accessible.

Please refer to and follow the instruction for the save device installation and connection of device.



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Unpacking and Inspection

Before opening D8 shipping box, inspect it for damage. If you find any damage, notify the shipping carrier immediately for all claims adjustments. As you open the box, compare its contents against the packing slip. If you find any shortages, contact your sales representative.

Once you have removed all the components from their packaging and checked that all the listed components are present, visually inspect the system to ensure there was no damage during shipping. If there is damage, notify the shipping carrier immediately for all claims adjustments.

Site Preparation

The environment in which you install your D8 should be clean, properly lit, free from static, and have adequate power, ventilation, and space for all components. The device should be far away from drips, so objects such as vases filled with liquid should not be placed on the device.



Chapter 1 Your Product

1.1 Packing Configuration







Note:

AC Power Cable supplied as standard according to destination market. Upgrade tool package and user manual are stored in the USB disk, please keep it.

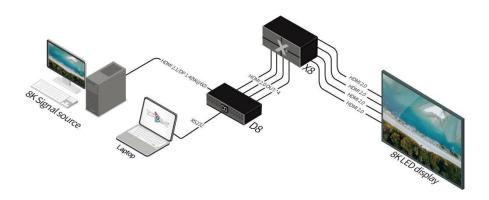


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1.2 Product Overview

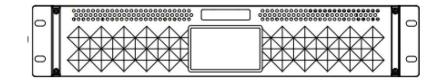
The D series has always been regarded as the leader in presentation-level image quality processing at different display stages in the industry. D8 continues to lead the display technology to become the first 8K@60-level video processor in the industry. Create a visual experience.

The D8 is equipped with a 4-inch LCD touch screen, which optimizes the overall front panel aesthetic design and optimizes the user experience. No connection is required. The front panel is controlled by touch.



D8 Application Diagram

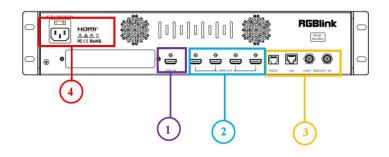
1.2.1 Front Panel



Front Panel Structure 1 4-inch LCD touch screen, which can choose switch mode.

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1.2.2 Rear Panel

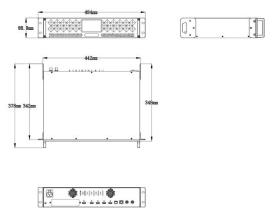


Rear Panel	Structure
1	1×HDMI 2.1 Input
2	4×HDMI 2.0 Output
3	Control interfaces with Genlock (1 In/1 Loop), LAN and RS 232
4	Slot for power supply module and power switch

1.2.3 Dimension

Following is the dimension of D8 for your reference:

Dimension: 484mm × 378mm × 88.9mm





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1.3 Key Features

- 8K@60 input,HDCP 2.X
- Built-in 4" LCD touch screen
- 8K EDID management, supporting communicating custom resolution to source computer
- Genlock input and loop through
- XPOSE control, Web Server control (to be published)
- Hot swap
- Open API
- 8K@30 arbitrary unequal splicing
- Multi-interface copy output, arbitrary zoom in and out
- HDR 10 & HLG compliance



Chapter 2 Install Your Product

2.1 Plug in Signals

Connect signals to the product (ensure all the device are all power off first). Tighten connector screws/locks where provided.



Connect RS232 port of device and computer with serial cable or connect LAN port of device and computer

with network cable or connect both device and computer to the same router, make sure their IP address is not completely same.

2.2 Plug in Main Power

Connect IEC cable to device and plug into wall socket. Turn on power at wall socket.



If the devices is restarted, make sure the indicator light upon the PSU module is totally out before plugging

in the power.

2.3 Turn on Your Product

Turn on the power switch on the rear panel.

The system begins to work, and the TFT-LCD screen shows IP address, serial number and more.



Chapter 3 Use Your Product

3.1 Manu

Turn on the power switch on the rear panel and the touch screen will display Menu, SN , IP , Fan Speed and

Temperature.

3.1.1 Device Status

Click [Device Status] to enter the interface. The interface displays rear panel of D8. The interface icon will turn into green if there is a signal source.

3.1.2 Standard

Click [Standard] to enter the interface. In this interface, users can view quad output resolution.

3.1.3 Splice

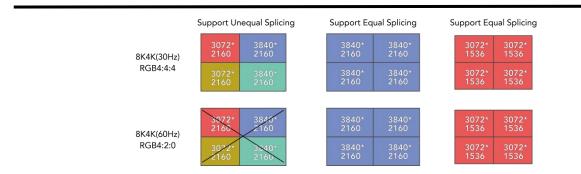
Click [Splice] to enter the interface. In this interface, users can set Output Resolution, Splice Mode and Multi-device Cascade.

Output Resolution: custom and standard optional Splice Mode:6 layouts available. Users can also set the screen height, screen width, horizontal position and vertical position. Click [OK]/[Reset] to save/cancel the relevant settings. Multi-device Cascade: External Input Genlock Format: Show resolution

Genlock Output Format: Show resolution

Synchronization: Click [Synchronization] to start synchronization mode of multi-device cascade.





3.1.4 View

Click [View] to enter the interface.

12 views can be loaded. Click [Yes/No] to confirm/cancel the option.

3.1.5 Advanced Settings

Click [Advanced Settings] to enter the interface.

EDID:

CUSTOM: 6400*2000@60,5760*1536@60 and more RESET: Clear previous settings **Input Adjustment:** Do settings of scale and crop. **Output Adjustment:** Set Bit Depth and HDR of HDMI outputs. Bit Depth: 8bit, 10bit, 12bit HDR: ON/OFF

3.1.6 System Settings

Click [System Settings] to enter the interface.

Device Info: Display version of modules

Network Settings: Display IP Adrdress. Subnet Mask and Gateway (Click upper right to achieve switch between AUTO and Manual.)

Fan: Set fan speed (0~100% adjustable) Factory Reset: Click [YES] to reset Language: English/Chinese



3.2 Install XPOSE 2.0

Environment Requirements:

Window

Processor: 1 GHz or above 32 bit or 64 bit processor

Memory: 4 GB or more

Graphics: Support DirectX 9 128M or above (open AERO effect)

Hard disk space: Above 16G (primary partitions, NTFS format)

Monitor: Resolution must be 1920x1080 pixel or above (it can not display normally if the resolution is lower than 1920x1080)

Operating system: Windows 7 or above (full version, not Ghost version or compact version)

CPU:i5 and above

Mac

Monitor: Resolution must be 1680x1050 pixel or above (it can not display normally if the resolution is lower than 1680x1050)

CPU:i5 and above



Double click __Setup , it will pop-up the installer language box, select the language, for example, select "English",

and click "OK" to confirm.

	Please select a language.
0	English 🗸

Click "Next" to install:

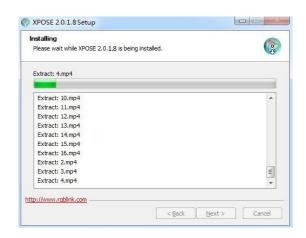


TPOSE 2.0.1.8 Setup	
X70SC	Welcome to the XPOSE 2.0.1.8 Setup Wizard This wizard will guide you through the installation of XPOSE 2.0.1.8 It is recommended that you close all other applications before starting Setup. This will make it possible to update relevant system files without having to reboot your computer.
REBlink	
	Next > Cancel

Click "Browse..." to select the XPOSE software install location:

XPOSE 2.0.1.8 Setup	
Choose Install Location	-
Choose the folder in which to install XPOSE 2.0.1.8	0
Setup will install XPOSE 2.0.1.8 in the following folder. To install Browse and select another folder. Click Install to start the install	n a different folder, dick ation.
Destination Folder	
C:\Program Files\XPOSE\	Browse
SiProgram Files/UPOSE) Space required: 667.0MB	Browse
	Browse
Space required: 667.0MB Space available: 65.5GB	Browse
Space required: 667.0MB	Browse

Click "Install":

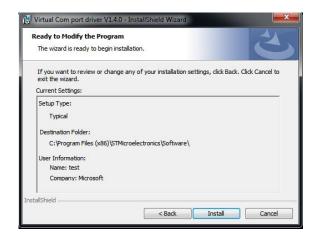


During installation, it will pop up the window of Install Shield Wizard for Virtual Com port:





If user install the XPOSE software for the first time, click "Next

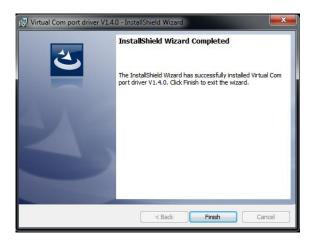


Then click "Install", as shown in the figure below:





Click "Finish" and complete the installation, as shown in the figure below:



Click "Finish" and is ready to run the XPOSE :



3.3 XPOSE Controls D8

3.3.1 Login in XPOSE



Double click this icon Reose ,and enter the log on interface as follow

x pose	Register Activa	te
	First Name • English	
	Last Name 🔹 English	
	Email *	
	Company	
	Country .	•
	Register Now	

The initial language of XPOSE 2.0 is self adjusted based on the operation system language of the computer. **Click Register** and fill in the blank with first name, last name, email, company and country and then click **Register Now.** Please note that the email shall be invalid and complete otherwise Registration&Activation code cannot be received.

Click Activate and scan the QR code



an email from RGBlink Registrations will be sent to the Register email address.

Type in the activate code and confirm





then enter the login interface.

	Login	
User Name	Admin	
Password	•••••	
Language	English	•
	Start Now	

Keep the user name as "Admin" and password blank and then click Start Now.

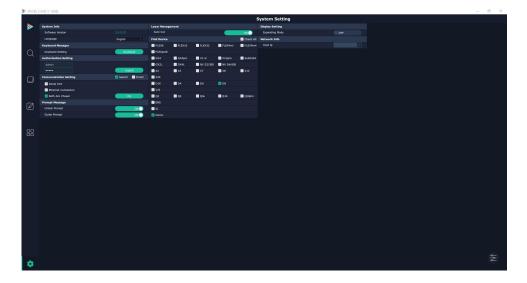
If exact Name and Password are needed, users can set up them in Authorization Setting under System Setting.

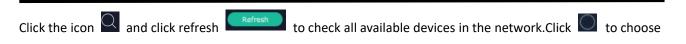
After login, users can find the management including: Search, Display System, Layer Management, Preset Management, Keyboard Settings. The details of each hierarchy will be described hereafter.

3.3.2 Input and Output Settings

Connect the Device

Click the icon to open [System Setting], and select D8 in [Find Devices].





D8 and click 💟 to obtain the control of this device in 【Chosen Devices】, as shown in the picture below.



purple tip indicates input modules, blue output modules, yellow communication port.

Input Setting

Click any input port in purple area, the board where the port locates is selected. Users can do settings to the board now. A red rectangle flashes around the chosen port when it is clicked.





Property Setting

< Property	EDID	>
Input Port	Port 10:HDMI 2.0	
Scale		
x		
Y.	0	
Width	1920	
Height	1080	
Crop		
Left	0	
Тор	0	
Width	1920	
Height	1080	
SDR To HDR		
Status	OFF	
Gamma	•	1.00
Bright Factor	•	0.00

Input Port: Current port

Scale

X/Y: Vertical and horizontal position

Width/Height: Vertical and horizontal size

Crop

Left: crop left

Top: crop top

Width: horizontal size after crop

Height: vertical size after crop

SDR to HDR

Status: ON/OFF

Gamma:0~9.99(Adjust the brightness of picture, the higher the number, the higher the brightness) Bright Factor: 0~9.99

EDID Setting

< Property	EDID	>
Input Port	Port 10:HDMI 2.0	
Basic Paramet	iers	
Monitor Name		
Width	1920	
Height	1080	
Frequency	60	

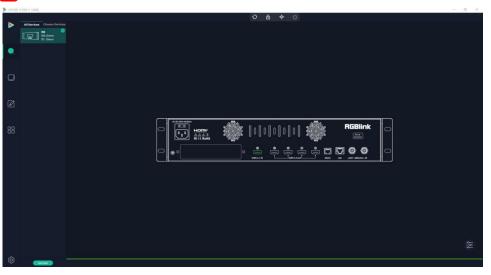


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Input Port: Current Port and type Customized EDID: Monitor Name, Width ,Height and Frequency

Output Setting

Click any output port , the module where the port locates is selected. Users can do settings to the modules now. A red rectangle flashes around the port when it is chosen.



Resolution Setting

< Resolution	DE	osd >	< Resolution	DE	OSD	>
OutPut Switch	OFF		OutPut Switch	OFF		
Format Range	Module		Format Range	All		
Format Type	Customize		Format Type	Standard		
Width	1920		Format	1920x1080@60		
Height	1080			720x480@60i	A	
Refresh Rate	60			720x576@50i 1024x768@60 1024x768@75		

Output Switch: Slide to On or OFF

Format Range: select ALL or Module. All means this setting is applied to all output ports, Module means this setting is only valid on this module.

Format Type:Standard /Customize

Choose Customize, width, Height, Refresh Rate have to be put in by users manually.

Format: when format type is Standard, there are standard format list to choose.

Format for ALL: 720×480@60i 到 7680×1080@60

Format for Module: 1024×768@60 到 7680×1080@60

DE Setting





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Port: choose current port or Port All Bits: 8bits/10bits/12bits HDR: ON/OFF

OSD Setting

< Resolutio	n DE	osd >
Operation Mo	Single Output	
Output port	Port 2:HDMI 2.0	
Status	OFF	
Position		
x	0	
Y	0	
Width	1920	
Height	80	
Font Style		
Font	Juice ITC	
Туре	Normal	
Size	80	Pixel
Alignment	Left	
Transparent		
Color	#FFFFFF	
Background		
Transparent		
Color	#000000	
Scrolling		
Speed	1	
Direction	Scroll Off	
Input Text		
Ristlo Machd		
Save OSD	Clear OSD	Close All OSD

Output port: the current port

Status: ON or OFF

Position

X/Y:the starting horizontal and vertical position

Width/Height: the horizontal and vertical size of the text

Font Style

Font: font of the text,all fonts installed in the computer is available



Font Type: Normal, Italic, Bold, Bold Italic

Font size: 0-300 pixels

Pixel alignment: Left, Right, Center to Horizontal, Vertical Center Right, Align Bottom Right, Align left bottom, Vertical center left, Vertical center, Horizontal center bottom

Transparent:font transparent

Color:Click to select more font color

Background

Transparent:background transparent

Color:Click to select more background color

Scrolling

Scroll Speed: 0-16 Scroll Direction: Scroll Off, Scroll Left, Scroll Right Input Text:The exact content of the text. After setting, users choose Save OSD,Clear OSD(if the setting is not desired) or Close All OSD

Device Overview

Click Return Return, there are overview, IP setting, Fan Control, Power ON, Factory Setting, **Overview:** show Device Info, module info of version and temperature in each slot.

Overview	Factory Setting	
Device Info		
Temp	35 10	
Мас	01:23:45:67:89:AB	
Main Board Inf	fo	
Name	Software	Hardware
CommBoard	V1.10	V1.10
BackBoard	V1.10	V1.10
MatrixBoard	V1.10	V1.10
Input Board In	nfo	
Name	Software	Hardware
1 HDMI 2.1	V1.40	V1.40
OutPut Module	Info	
Name	Software	Hardware
1 HDMI 2.0	V1.15	V1.15

Factory Setting Remove Logo/EDID,Save IP

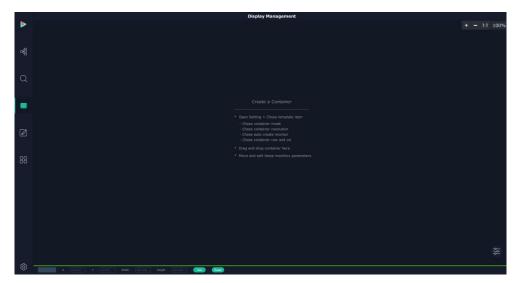




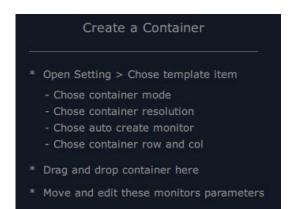
3.3.3 Display Management

Display System is for users to set layout of outputs.

Click this icon first enter the interface as follow:



Container



Container here means the Display Area, for example it could be a formed LED screen or an array of LCDs

Template

There are 15 types of basic "Display Area" which is used to contain output interface, and could be regarded as layout of output.

Mode

At present, D8 supports Presentation Mode and Split Mode. Each mode is marked in different color and provided with fitted templates.



< Template	Output	Display System >
Mode		Set
Resolution		

Container(dragged from Template) under Presentation Mode

Display 1	Display 2	
x:0 y:0	x:1920 y:0	
w:1920 h:1080	w:1920 h:1080	
r:0	r:0	
HDMI 2.0	HDMI 2.0	

Delete Container:long press the to cancel the Container/Display Area

1(W:3840 H:1080 S:27%)	- + 🛃
Display 1	Display 2
x:0 y:0	x:1920 y:0
w:1920 h:1080	w:1920 h:1080
r:0	r:0
HDMI 2.0	HDMI 2.0

Customize Container

Click this icon

at the bottom of template list. fill in the H Total, V Total, Row and Column, then click

a customized containers is created. If this container need to be saved, click SAVE



Contract	Output	Display System >
Mode		📕 🛃 Monitor
Monitor Type	LCD Type	
Monitor Layout	Auto	
H Total	7680	
V Total	2160	
Row	1	
Column	2	
Top Border	0	
Bottom Border	0	
Left Border	0	
Right Border	0	
H1 3840		
V1 2160		
Create	Save Dele	te Delete All

For example create a , 1×2 ,7680×2160 container as follows

	Display Management			
Þ		C Templete Hode	Output	Display System
ъĝ				
		Honitor Type Honitor Layout	LCD Type Auto	
~		H Total V Total	7680 2160	
Q				
	1- (W)2460 H(2160 616%) - + ¥	Column Top Border		
	Display 1 Display 2 x:0 y:0 x:3840 y:0	Bottom Border Left Border		
	w:3840 h:2160 w:3840 h:2160			
	r:0 HDMI 2.0 HDMI 2.0			
Ø		-	Seve Deli	ne) Onicial)
88				
ŝ	Daddey 2 X 3840 Y 0 Wodh 3940 Hoge 2000 (22) Per2 V Per2 (199)			

Adjust Display Area

Place the mouse in the Container, roll the mouse can zoom in or out the Container in the XPOSE window. Clicking

icon and the same work.



Drag the border of the display area to move its place in the interface.



Output

Show all the output ports on the device. Once the monitor is dragged into container meaning this output is used and the output port get dark.

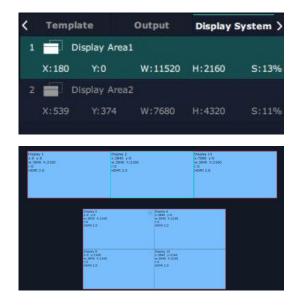
<	Template	Output	Display	System >
4				
2				
5				
6		IDMT 2.0		
9		Used DM 2.0		
10				
13				
14	20 H	IDMI 2.0	: 3840	H:2160
17	20 H	Ayailable	: 3840	H:2160

Click this icon on Display to cancel the display in Display Area

Display 1 x:0 y:0 w:3340 h:2160 r:0 HDMI 2.0	Display 2 x:3840 y:0 w:3840 h:2160 r:0 HDMI 2.0	×
--	---	---

Pressing CTRL+ALT can lead to close of all displays on the XPOSE window.

Display System



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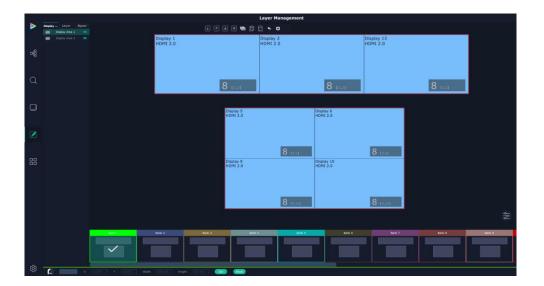
Show all Containers/Display Area that have been created.

Click tick icon behind to give alias to the each Display Area if necessary.



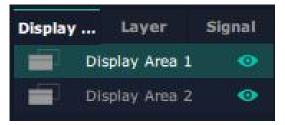
3.3.4 Layer Management

Layer Management is designed to manage the layer of each monitor. Click this icon **W**to enter the interface:



Display Area

Here is to show all the Display Area set in previous step System Management. Click step to cancel or use the corresponding Display Area.



Signal

To show the signal list of all inputs. Drag source from signal list to each display or Container.



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					Layer Managemen	ıt			
0	Layer Signal								
			1[W:11520 H/2160	9 5(14%)	and the second second				
			Display 1 HDMI 2.0		Display 2 HDMI 2.0		Display 13 HDMI 2.0		
	1920*1080.040		NDML-270		BUMI-200		HUM1 2.0		
將	192011080650								
	1920*1080(040								
	1922*1080(940								
2	1922*1010(0)50		Signal 2 k:0 y:0 v:3640 h(2)60 Order1	1000	Signal 4	10057			
			x 0 y 0 x 3845 brz160	6 ti.21	112040 Y20	6 ruzi		8 m	
			Order:1		Didin 2	Next In Marca		Sec. 1992	
				Display 5 HDMI 2.0		Display 6 HDMI 2.0			
				HDMI 2.0		HDMI 2.0			
1									
							and the second sec		
					8		8 tmm		
					0 (5,61		O THE		
38				Display 9 HDMI 2.0		Display 10 HDMI 2.0			
				HDMI 2.0		HDMI 2.0			
					8 19.101		8 19.103		
					0 (6/16)		O 10,101		
		BANK 1	Bark 2	Bank 3	Bark 4 Ba	e S Bank G	Bark 7	Bank B	Bark 3
							1 1		
		\sim							
	Refresh								

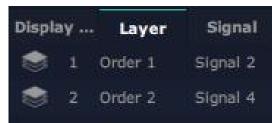
Click this icon **Z** and alias of signal could be put in if necessary.



Click this icon to confirm the alias setting.

Layer

After signal is dragged into display, show Layer index Versus Signal index



Numbers on Monitor

Numbers on monitor is to show how many layers at present allowed to put in the monitor .

2(W:7680 H:4320 S:12%)			
STEMBER 5		Display 6	
HDMI 2.0			
Signal 5 x:0 y:0 w:3940 h:2160 Order:17	6 [5,6]	Signa: 9 x:3840 y:0 w:3840 h:2160 Order:18	6 (5,6)
Contraction of the other states of the state			3
Display. 9 HDMI 2.0		Display 10 HDMI 2.0	
Signal 12 x:0 y:2160 w:3840 h:2160 Order:19	7 [9,10]		7 (9,101

Cross over display will take up one more layer, as shown in the picture below



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Display 9 HDMI 2.0			Display 10 HDMI 2.0	
	Signal 12 x:1220 y:2195 w:4326 h:2113 Order:19	6 [9,10]		6 19,101

Layer Adjustment

there are two ways to adjust layer.

1. Use the bar under the interface

Choose one layer and the bar shows its signal source, type in position and size.

Signal 12 X 1220 Y 2195 Width 4326 Height 2113 Set

2. Layer Scale and Crop

Alpha:0~128

Brightness/Contrast/Saturation:0~100

Freeze:Turn ON freeze to prevent misoperation

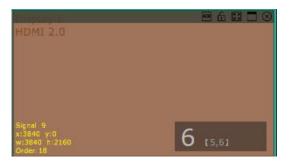
< Scale	Сгор	Blending	> <	Scale	Crop	Blending	>
Signal			L	ayer Order	Layer 19		
Layer Order							
Alpha	128						
Brightness	0		C	Display Mode	Freeze		
Contrast	0		P	4irror	OFF		
Saturation	0						
			F	Position			
	(income)		>	<	0		
x	1220		3		0		
	2195						
Width	4326	8		Width	1920	8	
	2113	X		leight	1080		

Layer Movement

Move the mouse to drag the layer.

Layer Remove

Click the cross on the top right of the layer to remove the layer if needed.



Layer Max

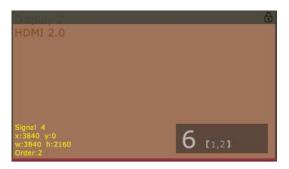
Click this icon to cover up all monitors in the same Display Area with the one signal, as the following:

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2(W:7680 H:4320 5:12%)			
Display B		Display p	🖂 🗗 🖬 🖾 🖾 🖾
HDMI 2.0			
	C		C
	6 L5,61		6 (5,61
Display 9			
HDMI 2.0			
Signal 9	C		C
Signal 9 x:0 y:0 w:7680 h:4320 Order:18	6 1 9,103		6 (9,101

Layer Lock

Click the lock icon on the right middle of the later boarder, When the layer is locked, any movement or removal to the layer is invalid.



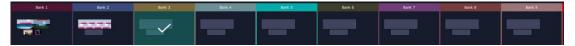
Other Operation on Layer

🔽 🛧 🖳 🖺 🗋 🐤 🗳 Use the tools bar on top of window to do such operations

\checkmark	Layer Backward		Layer Forward	*	Layer to Bottom
$\overline{\mathbf{T}}$	Layer to Top	Ē	Select All	þ	Copy Selected
	Paste Selected	•	Cancel Selected	8	Delete Selected

Save to Bank Automatically

When layer setting of one BANK is done, click next or other BANK, this BANK can be saved automatically.

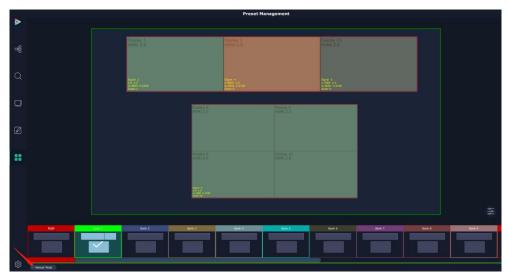


3.3.5 Preset Management

Preset Management is designed to switch bank (scene setting done in last step).

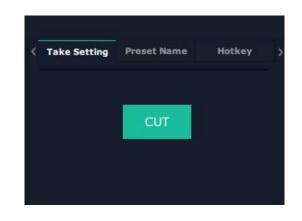
Preset Management Mode: 1. Manual Mode; 2. Schedule Mode

Manual Mode



Switch Manual Mode or Schedule Module by the bar in the left bottom corner of the window. Preset is showing the BANK selected. PGM is in first box in the bottom left.

Take Setting



Click this icon after selecting a BANK.

Fade Time: 0.0 ~10.0S

Black out: slide to ON or OFF

The tick on the bank indicates that the bank is selected.



Preset Name

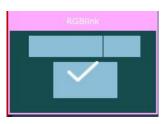
Select a bank and click Preset Name , fill in the blank after New Preset Name to rename a Preset (Bank) Click the color block after Color Selection and choose a new color for the boarder of chosen bank.



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Preset Name	Hotkey	>
Bank 1		
RGBlink		
	Bank 1	Bank 1

For example change Bank1to RBGlink, with pink boarder



Schedule Mode

 Image: Set Maragement

 <td

This mode is designed to set auto bank (scene/preset) switch.

1.Select the bank that need to be looped.

2.Set Start Time	and End	Time End Time 00 :	and click OK	to confirm.					
The Preset can be added into the loop list after confirm. click this icon 🗹 to edit Start Time and End Time if									
needed.Click this icon 💼 t	o delete this prese	et if it is not neede	d.						
3.Turn on Daily Loop	and	Loop Switch	Switch ON	l					
RGBIInk 00:30:30	03:59:59 03:29:29 2021-10-	-29 2021-10-29	RGBillink Bank 2 Bank :	Bank 4					
Bank 2 04:00:00	04:00:01 00:00:01 2021-10-	-29 2021-10-29 🗹 💼							
Bank 3 04:00:02		-29 2021-10-29 🗹 💼							
		s	rt Time 04 : 00 : 04 End Time	9 04 : 00 : 05					
		L	p Mode Timing Loop Daily Loo						
			Ţ						
13:13:30		13:13:50 13:14	13:14:10	13:14:20					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Loop Switch	Current Time 13:14:13	Current Date 2021-10-29	Remaining Ti 00:00:00						

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3.3.6 System Setting

Click this icon and enter System Setting interface

							system Setting		
System Info		Layer Manage	ment				Display Setting		
						ON 🕘			
Language		Find Device				Check All	Network Info		
Keyboard Hanager		TLD(3	TLEXIS	FLEX32	TLEX4ml	FLEXPro4			
	Keyboard	PLEXpro8							
Authorization Setting		GX4	GX4pro	X1-G	XLGpro	Subito\$4			
		CO(2L	GX4L		NK 54/600				
	Logat	1X2	🔲 X3	X7	>>8	X14			
Communication Setting	Search 📃 Direct	x20							
Sorial Port		D1K	D4	06					
Ethernet Correction		V 24							
	OK OK	Q 2	■ Q4	- Q4L	🔲 Q16	Q16pro			
Prompt Message		.							
	ON ()	I IC							
		🕑 Demo							

System Info

Software Version: show the current software version Language: Chinese, English and Russian

Keyboard Manager

click keyboard

Keyboard

it will redirected to keyboard setting window.

Keyboard setting is designed to fit for different operation systems such as Windows and Mac. Users can set short cut keys for Input, Output, Layer and Preset.

Drag Input, Output, Layer and Preset from the list to the keys you desired as follow:





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Please note the keyboard area where allows to set short cut keys as follow:

Esc		F1	F2 F	3 F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9	F10	F11 F12
~ .	! 1	@ 2	# 3	5 4 5	^ 6	& 7	* 8	() 900		+ =	Backspace
Tab	Q	w	E	R	Y	U	I	0	P		Enter -J
CapsLock	< A	s	D	FG	н		к				l \
Shift	:	z	x	c v	в	N	м		> ? . /		Shift
Ctrl	Win	Alt			Space			A	lt –	•	

If the setting goes wrong or no need for short cut keys any more, click 🖆 to clear some keys or clear all.

Clear: is to clear some keys, the keys need to selected before hand.

Clear all: is to remove all already set short cut keys.

After setting the shortcut keys, you can modify the default file name and save the script. The script will be automatically saved to the corresponding path in the XPOSE folder. You can load in script Settings when used again.

Script S	iet	
CLear /		
ngs As Script		
OSE20_V2.0	.5.9_X8_2021	1019/X
		Save
	Load	Delete
	ngs As Script C:/Users/Xia OSE20_V2.0	CLear All ngs As Script C:/Users/Xiangmu07/Des OSE20_V2.0.5.9_X8_2021 POSE2_N22.0.5.9_X8_2021

Find Device

New version of XPOSE 2.0 is blank default in Find Device. Users are supposed to choose the device needed in System Setting.

Layer Manag	ement			
Auto Cut				ON
Find Device				Check All
FLEX8	FLEX16	FLEX32	FLEX4ml	FLEXPro4
FLEXpro8				
GX4	GX4pro	🗌 X1-G	X1Gpro	SubitoS4
GX2L	GX4L	NX S2/300	NX S4/600	
🔲 X2	X 3	X 7	X8	X14
🔲 x20				
D1K	🔲 D4	🔲 D6	🛃 D8	
🔲 V34				
🔲 Q2	🔲 Q4	🔲 Q4L	Q16	Q16pro
EMS				
IC IC				

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Communication Setting

ication Setting Search 📃 Direct et Connection Are Chosen

Search by Serial Port, Ethernet Connection or Both. Default communication by both.

Direct Communication by selecting device and putting its IP Address

Communic	ation Setting	E.		Search	🗹 Direct
Device	D8				
IP	0 - 0	· 0	- 0		
				0	ĸ

Authorization Setting

Click to open up the authorization entry.Click Management

Slave Un	it	Management				
User List		Online U	lser: Ai New			
User Name	Password		Opera	ation		
Admin	admin	Ø	₿	Û		



New:Add new USER NAME and PASSWORD

Edit: Edit user name and password already built.

Delete:Delete user name and password already built.

Permission: functions on this XPOSE 2.0 on this computer that the created users are allowed to operate.

							s	ystem Setting			
0	System Info		Find Device				Check All	Display Setting			Management
			FLDIS	FLEX16	FLEX32	FLE(4m)	FLEXPHO4				
			FLEXpro8					Network Info			
	Keyboard Hanager		GX4	GX4pro	🗖 X1-G	XtGpre	SLOROS4			Ind Device	I Honitor Man
Q		Keyboert	G (12).	GX46	NX 52/300					Cayer Man	Bank Han
	Authorization Setting		■x2	■x3	17	X8	2134				
			X20							Device	S Input
		Logost	DIK	04	D6					Output	Price Export
	Communication Setting	Search Direct	V 94							Script	Corerol List
	Sarlal Port		Q2	Q4	Q4L	Q16	Q16pro				
	Ethernet Connection		E 615							C Overview	IP Setting
	Both Are Chosen		10							Fin Central	Delayed Startup
0	Prompt Hessage Unlock Prompt									Pactory Setting	Find Device
	Guide Prompt									Sync Device	
		01									
	Layer Hanagement Auto Cut	-									2
										Property Setting 44 Setting	COSK Setting
										USB Setting	Cogo Setting
										Source Merge	Cogo Setting
										Resolution Setting	Test. Pattern
										DE Setting	CSD Setting
										Template	Monitor
										Display System	Parameters
										LED Cabinet	Script
										Cale Scale	
										Elending	C H264
										Signal List	Preset List
										ToolBar	
										🛃 Take Setting	Dage
											📴 Display Area
										Preset Name	Manual-PresetList
										Schedule Mode	
۰.										044 O	theol. Attan



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Slave Unit



Slave Unit is to control multiple devices simultaneously, which are connected to same network. ("In the same network" means the the third section in the IP address digits are the same) XPOSE do operation on one device, same operation synchronized to other devices. For example, there is another devices linked to the same network, one with IP IP192.168.0.45

If users need to back up operation from current running device to this device slave unit shall be used. First fill in the quantity of to be linked devices, click Set Numbers,

Index, Device IP and State will come up.

Choose the IP address of the other device from drop down list, e.g IP192.168.0.45 and Slide to ON, the red dot behind turns to green indicating that the device has been connected





Chapter 4 Order Codes

4.1 Product

130-0008-01-0 D8

4.2 Options

190-0008-01-0	Quad 4K HDMI Input Module
190-0008-21-0	Dual 4K HDMI Output Module

Chapter 5 Support

5.1 Contact Us



Beijing Region Office China Regional Europe Regional Sales & Support Eindhoven, Holland RGBlink Headquarters Sales & Support Xiamen, China Shenzhen, China Beijing, China Room 601A, No. 37-3 11th Floor Baiwang Building 5318 Shahe West Road Baimang, Nanshan Building 8, 25 Qixiao Road Shahe Town Changping Flight Forum Eindhoven 5657 DW Banshang community, Building 3, Xinke Plaza, Torch Hi-Tech Industrial Development Zone, Xiamen, China +86-592-577-1197 **&** +86-755 2153 5149 **\$** +010- 8577 7286

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Chapter 6 Appendix

6.1 Terms & Definitions

•RCA: Connector used primarily in consumer AV equipment for both audio and video. The RCA connector was developed by the Radio Corporation of America.

•BNC: Stands for Bayonet Neill-Concelman. A cable connector used extensively in television (named for its inventors). A cylindrical bayonet connector that operates with a twist-locking motion .

•**CVBS**: CVBS or Composite video, is an analog video signal without audio. Most commonly CVBS is used for transmission of standard definition signals. In consumer applications the connector is typically RCA type, while in professional applications the connector is BNC type.

•YPbPr: Used to describe the colour space for progressive-scan. Otherwise known as component video.

•VGA: Video Graphics Array. VGA is an analog signal typically used on earlier computers. The signal is non-interlaced in modes 1, 2, and 3 and interlaced when using in mode

•**DVI**: Digital Visual Interface. The digital video connectivity standard that was developed by DDWG (Digital Display Work Group). This connection standard offers two different connectors: one with 24 pins that handles digital video signals only, and one with 29 pins that handles both digital and analog video.

•SDI: Serial Digital Interface. Standard definition video is carried on this 270 Mbps data transfer rate. Video pixels are characterized with a 10-bit depth and 4:2:2 color quantization. Ancillary data is included on this interface and typically includes audio or other metadata. Up to sixteen audio channels can be transmitted. Audio is organised into blocks of 4 stereo pairs. Connector is BNC.

•HD-SDI: high-definition serial digital interface (HD-SDI), is standardized in SMPTE 292M this provides a nominal data rate of 1.485 Gbit/s.

• **3G-SDI**: standardized in SMPTE 424M, consists of a single 2.970 Gbit/s serial link that allows replacing dual link HD-SDI.

•6G-SDI: standardized in SMPTE ST-2081 released in 2015, 6Gbit/s bitrate and able to support 2160p@30.

•12G-SDI:standardized in SMPTE ST-2082 released in 2015, 12Gbit/s bitrate and able to support 2160p@60.

•U-SDI:Technology for transmitting large-volume 8K signals over a single cable. a signal interface called the ultra high definition signal/data interface (U-SDI) for transmitting 4K and 8K signals using a single optical cable. The interface was standardized as the SMPTE ST 2036-4.

•HDMI: High Definition Multimedia Interface: An interface used for the transmission of uncompressed high definition video, up to 8 channels of audio, and control signals, over a single cable.

•HDMI 1.3: released on June 22 2006, and increased the maximum TMDS clock to 340 MHz (10.2 Gbit/s). Support resolution 1920 × 1080 at 120 Hz or 2560 × 1440 at 60 Hz). It added support for 10 bpc, 12 bpc, and 16 bpc color depth (30, 36, and 48 bit/px), called deep color.

• HDMI 1.4: released on June 5, 2009, added support for 4096 × 2160 at 24 Hz, 3840 × 2160 at 24, 25, and 30 Hz, and 1920 × 1080 at 120 Hz. Compared to HDMI 1.3, 3 more features added which are HDMI Ethernet Channel (HEC), audio return channel (ARC), 3D Over HDMI, a new Micro HDMI Connector, an expanded set of color spaces.

• HDMI 2.0, released on September 4, 2013 increases the maximum bandwidth to 18.0 Gbit/s. Other features of HDMI 2.0 include up to 32 audio channels, up to 1536 kHz audio sample frequency, the HE-AAC and DRA audio standards, improved 3D capability, and additional CEC functions.

• HDMI 2.0a: was released on April 8, 2015, and added support for High Dynamic Range (HDR) video with static metadata.

• HDMI 2.0b: was released March, 2016, support for HDR Video transport and extends the static metadata signaling to include Hybrid Log-Gamma (HLG).

• HDMI 2.1 : released on November 28, 2017. It adds support for higher resolutions and higher refresh rates, Dynamic HDR including 4K 120 Hz and 8K 120 Hz.

• **DisplayPort:** A VESA standard interface primarily for video, but also for audio, USB and other data. DisplayPort (orDP) is backwards compatible with HDMI, DVI and VGA.

• **DP 1.1:** was ratified on 2 April 2007, and version 1.1a was ratified on 11 January 2008. DisplayPort 1.1 allow a maximum bandwidth of 10.8 Gbit/s (8.64 Gbit/s data rate) over a standard 4-lane main link, enough to support 1920x1080@60Hz

• DP 1.2: introduced on 7 January 2010, effective bandwidth to 17.28 Gbit/s support increased resolutions, higher refresh rates, and greater color depth, maximum resolution 3840 × 2160@60Hz

• **DP 1.4:** publish on 1 Mar, 2016.overall transmission bandwidth 32.4 Gbit/s ,DisplayPort 1.4 adds support for Display Stream Compression 1.2 (DSC), DSC is a "visually lossless" encoding technique with up to a 3:1 compression ratio. Using DSC with HBR3 transmission rates, DisplayPort 1.4 can support 8K UHD (7680 × 4320) at 60 Hz or 4K UHD (3840 × 2160) at 120 Hz with 30 bit/px RGB color and HDR. 4K at 60 Hz 30 bit/px RGB/HDR can be achieved without the need for DSC.

•Multi-mode Fiber: Fibers that support many propagation paths or transverse modes are called multi-mode fibers, generally have a wider core diameter and are used for short-distance communication links and for applications where high power must be transmitted.

•Single-mode Fiber: Fiber that support a single mode are called single-mode fibers. Single-mode fibers are used for most communication links longer than 1,000 meters (3,300 ft).

•SFP: small form-factor pluggable , is a compact, hot-pluggable network interface module used for both telecommunication and data communications applications.

•optical fiber connector: terminates the end of an optical fiber, and enables quicker connection and disconnection than splicing. The connectors mechanically couple and align the cores of fibers so light can pass. 4 most common types of optical fiber connectors are SC, FC, LC,ST.

•SC:(Subscriber Connector), also known as the square connector was also created by the Japanese company – Nippon Telegraph and Telephone. SC is a push-pull coupling type of connector and has a 2.5mm diameter. Nowadays, it is used mostly in single mode fiber optic patch cords, analog, GBIC, and CATV. SC is one of the most popular options, as its simplicity in design comes along with great durability and affordable prices.

• LC: (Lucent Connector) is a small factor connector (uses only a 1.25mm ferrule diameter) that has a snap coupling mechanism. Because of its small dimensions, it is the perfect fit for high-density connections, XFP, SFP, and SFP+ transceivers.

• FC :(Ferrule Connector) is a screw type connector with a 2.5mm ferrule. FC is a round shaped threaded fiber optic connector, mostly used on Datacom, telecom, measurement equipment, single-mode laser.

• ST: (Straight Tip) was invented by AT&T and uses a bayonet mount along with a long spring-loaded ferrule to support the fiber.

• USB: Universal Serial Bus is a standard that was developed in the mid-1990s that defines cables, connectors and



communication protocols. This technology is designed to allow a connection, communication and power supply for peripheral devices and computers.

• USB 1.1: Full–Bandwidth USB, specification was the first release to be widely adopted by the consumer market. This specification allowed for a maximum bandwidth of 12Mbps.

•USB 2.0:or Hi–Speed USB, specification made many improvements over USB 1.1. The main improvement was an increase in bandwidth to a maximum of 480Mbps.

• USB 3.2: Super Speed USB with 3 varieties of 3.2 Gen 1(original name USB 3.0), 3.2Gen 2(original name USB 3.1), 3.2 Gen 2x2 (original name USB 3.2) with speed up to 5Gbps,10Gbps,20Gbps respectively.

USB version and connectors figure:

	Type A	Туре В	Mini A	Mini B	Micro-A	Micro-B	Type C
USB 2.0						U ⁶⁰⁰⁰⁰ U	
USB 3.0						() turni	
USB 3.1&3.2							

•NTSC : The colour video standard used in North America and some other parts of the world created by the National Television Standards Committee in the 1950s. NTSC utilizes an interlaced video signals.

•PAL: Phase Alternate Line. A television standard in which the phase of the colour carrier is alternated from line to line. It takes four full images (8 fields) for the colour-to-horizontalimages (8 fields) for the colour-to-horizontal phase relationship to return to the reference point. This alternation helps cancel out phase errors. For this reason, the hue control is not needed on a PAL TV set. PAL, is widely used in needed on a PAL TV set. PAL, is widely used in Western Europe, Australia, Africa, the Middle East, and Micronesia. PAL uses 625-line, 50-field (25 fps) composite colour transmission system.

• SMPTE: Society of Motion image and Television Engineers. A global organization, based in the United States, that sets standards for baseband visual communications. This includes film as well as video and television standards.

•VESA: Video Electronics Standards Association. An organization facilitating computer graphics through standards.

•HDCP: High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) was developed by Intel Corporation an is in wide use for protection of video during transmission between devices.

•HDBaseT: A video standard for the transmission of uncompressed video (HDMI signals) and related features using Cat 5e/Cat6 cabling infrastructure.

•**ST2110:** A SMPTE developed standard, ST2110 describes how to send digital video over and IP networks. Video is transmitted uncompressed with audio and other data in a separate streams.

SMPTE2110 is intended principally for broadcast production and distribution facilities where quality and flexibility are more important.



•SDVoE: Software Defined Video over Ethernet (SDVoE) is a method for transmission, distribution and management AV signals using a TCP/IP Ethernet infrastructure for transport with low latency. SDVoE is commonly used in integration applications.

•Dante AV: The Dante protocol was developed for and widely adopted in audio systems for the transmission of uncompressed digital audio on IP based networks. The more recent Dante AV specification includes support for digital video.

•NDI: Network Device interface (NDI) is a software standard developed by NewTek to enable video-compatible products to communicate, deliver, and receive broadcast quality video in a high quality, low latency manner that is frame-accurate and suitable for switching in a live production environment over TCP (UDP) Ethernet based networks. NDI is commonly found in broadcast applications.

•RTMP: Real-Time Messaging Protocol (RTMP) was initially a proprietary protocol developed by Macromedia (now Adobe) for streaming audio, video and data over the Internet, between a Flash player and a server.

•RTSP : The Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) is a network control protocol designed for use in entertainment and communications systems to control streaming media servers. The protocol is used for establishing and controlling media sessions between end points.

•MPEG: Moving Picture Experts Group is a working group formed from ISO and IEC developing standards that allow audio/video digital compression and Transmission.

•H.264: Also known as AVC (Advanced Video Coding) or MPEG-4i is a common video compression standard. H.264 was standardized by the ITU-T Video Coding Experts Group (VCEG) together with the ISO/IEC JTC1 Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG).

•H.265: Also known as HEVC (High Efficiency Video Coding)H.265 is the successor to the widely used H.264/AVC digital video coding standard. Developed under the auspices of ITU, resolutions up to 8192x4320 may be compressed.
•API: An Application Programming Interface (API) provides a predefined function which allows access capabilities and features or routines via a software or hardware, without accessing source code or understanding the details of inner working mechanism. An API call may execute a function and/or provide datafeedback/report.

•DMX512: The communication standard developed by USITT for entertainment and digital lighting systems. The wide adoption of the Digital Multiplex (DMX) protocol has seen the protocol used for a wide range of other devices including video controllers. DMX512 is delivered over cable of 2 twisted pairs with 5pin XLR cables for connection.

•ArtNet: An ethernet protocol based on TCP/IP protocol stack, mainly used in entertainment/events applications. Built on the DMX512 data format, ArtNet enables multiple "universes" of DMX512 to be transmitted using ethernet networks for transport.

•MIDI: MIDI is the abbreviation of Musical Instrument Digital Interface. As the name indicates the protocol was developed for communication between electronical musical instruments and latterly computers. MIDI instructions are triggers or commands sent over twisted pair cables, typically using 5pin DIN connectors.

•OSC: The principle of Open Sound Control (OSC) protocol is for networking sound synthesizers, computers, and multimedia devices for musical performance or show control. As with XML and JSON, the OSC protocol allows sharing data. OSC is transported via UDP packets between devices connected on an Ethernet.

•Brightness: Usually refers to the amount or intensity of video light produced on a screen without regard to colour. Sometimes called black level.

•Contrast Ratio: The ratio of the high light output level divided by the low light output level. In theory, the



contrast ratio of the television system should be at least 100:1, if not 300:1. In reality, there are several limitations. Well-controlled viewing conditions should yield a practical contrast ratio of 30:1 to 50:1.

•Colour Temperature: The colour quality, expressed in degrees Kelvin (K), of a light source. The higher the colour temperature, the bluer the light. The lower the temperature, the redder the light. Benchmark colour temperature for the A/V industry include 5000°K, 6500°K, and 9000°K.

•Saturation: Chroma, Chroma gain. The intensity of the colour, or the extent to which a given colour in any image is free from white. The less white in a colour, the truer the colour or the greater its saturation. Saturation is the amount of pigment in a colour, and not the intensity.

•Gamma:The light output of a CRT is not linear with respect to the voltage input. The difference between what you should have and what is actually output is known as gamma.

•Frame: In interlaced video, a frame is one complete image. A video frame is made up of two fields, or two sets of interlaced lines. In a film, a frame is one still image of a series that makes up a motion image.

•Genlock: Allows synchronisation of otherwise video devices. A signal generator provides a signal pulses which connected devices can reference. Also see Black Burst and Color Burst.

•Blackburst: The video waveform without the video elements. It includes the vertical sync, horizontal sync, and the Chroma burst information. Blackburst is used to synchronize video equipment to align the video output.

•ColourBurst: In colour TV systems, a burst of subcarrier frequency located on the back part of the composite video signal. This serves as a colour synchronizing signal to establish a frequency and phase reference for the Chroma signal. Colour burst is 3.58 MHz for NTSC and 4.43 MHz for PAL.

•Colour Bars: A standard test pattern of several basic colours (white, yellow, cyan, green, magenta, red, blue, and black) as a reference for system alignment and testing. In NTSC video, the most commonly used colour bars are the SMPTE standard colour bars. In PAL video, the most commonly used colour bars are eight full field bars. On computer monitors the most commonly used colour bars are two rows of reversed colour bars

•Seamless Switching: A feature found on many video switchers. This feature causes the switcher to wait until the vertical interval to switch. This avoids a glitch (temporary scrambling) which often is seen when switching between sources.

•Scaling: A conversion of a video or computer graphic signal from a starting resolution to a new resolution. Scaling from one resolution to another is typically done to optimize the signal for input to an image processor, transmission path or to improve its quality when presented on a particular display.

•PIP: Picture-In-Picture. A small image within a larger image created by scaling down one of image to make it smaller. Other forms of PIP displays include Picture-By-Picture (PBP) and Picture- With-Picture (PWP), which are commonly used with 16:9 aspect display devices. PBP and PWP image formats require a separate scaler for each video window.

•HDR: is a high dynamic range (HDR) technique used in imaging and photography to reproduce a greater dynamic range of luminosity than what is possible with standard digital imaging or photographic techniques. The aim is to present a similar range of luminance to that experienced through the human visual system.

•**UHD:** Standing for Ultra High Definition and comprising 4K and 8K television standards with a 16:9 ratio, UHD follows the 2K HDTV standard. A UHD 4K display has a physical resolution of 3840x2160 which is four times the area and twice both the width and height of a HDTV/FullHD (1920x1080) video signal.

•EDID: Extended Display Identification Data. EDID is a data structure used to communicate video display information,



including native resolution and vertical interval refresh rate requirements, to a source device. The source device will then output the provided EDID data, ensuring proper video image quality.

6.2 Revision History

The table below lists the changes to the Video Processor User Manual.

Format	Time	ECO#	Description	Principal
V1.0	2022-05-19	0000#	Release	Aster

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